Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. — GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1866. — 48TH YEAR.—NO. 36.

THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER;

A Democratic Family Journal,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,

BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Professional Cards.

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store

Gettysburg, March 20.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 3, 1865. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. J. A. Armstrong,

HAVING removed from New Salem, York county, and having located at Middletown, Adams county, offers his professional services to the public. [July 31, '65. ly

Doctor C. W. Benson,

OFFICE at the Railroad House, (front room, formerly occupied by Dr. Kinzer,)

LITTLESTOWN, PA.

June 19, 1865. tf

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stœver.

DENTIST.

Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Great Reduction of Prices

AT THE CHEAP GROCERY!

CORNER OF DIAMOND AND CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

JOHN M. SWAN,

Having just returned from the city, respectfully informs his customers, and the public, that he has succeeded in forming a connection with one of the first importing Houses in the city of Baltimore, by which he is enabled to offer Groceries at a lower figure than they can be purchased elsewhere in the county.—He is prepared to sell

COFFEE	25 cents per lb.
SUGAR,	10 "
SYRUP, from	40 " to $1.20,

and all other things at corresponding rates.—If you would save money, call at the Cheap Grocery, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg street. He sells exclusively for Cash, and is determined to be ahead of all others in selling cheap. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN M. SWAN.

Barron's Safety Lamps,

AND

LIG-RO-INE (Red) FLUID.

PATENTED.

THIS Lamp apparently burns *without anything to feed it.* It has, however, a material which absorbs the liquid and gives it to the flame, partly from the wick, and partly in the form of gas, but so as to produce perfect combustion, and is very economical and safe.

It is used without a chimney, and perfectly trimmed, does not smoke or smell; it is therefore especially adapted to the purposes of a "ran about," night, nurse, shop or hotel lamp, or lantern. The cost of broken chimneys, alone, will more than pay the cost of this lamp. Every family needs one or more.

"It is just what I have been long looking for," writes a model house-keeper.

"I should hardly know how to do without it," writes another.

"A perfect contrivance," writes a third.

"Let those who are skeptical try it," writes a fourth.

For sale by JOHN M. SWAN,

Cor. of Diamond and Chambersburg st.

☞The Lig-ro-ine Fluid also for sale at the same place. [Mar. 12, 1866.

Fresh Supply.

NEW GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES!—A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.

April 2, 1866.

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS., and at C. H. BUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has paid *over one hundred and forty thousand dollars* to holders of its policies, including $87,500 to twenty-eight policyholders, for $512 in premiums.

THE best lot of Upper Leather COLLARS, of our own make, now ready and for sale.

D. McCREARY & SON.

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers. A. SCOTT & SON.

Forwarding Business.

CULP & EARNSHAW'S LINE.

HAVING purchased the Warehouse and Cars heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of STEVENSON & SONS, 265 North Howard street, (near Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

Having purchased the buildings and lot on the Northeast corner of Railroad and North Washington streets, Gettysburg, their Depot will remain there. Any person having business in the forwarding line are respectfully invited to call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 7, 1865.

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL. If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to do cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

Removal.

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY Have removed their establishment to the west side of Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, and nearly opposite the Post office, where they will continue business on a larger scale than ever.

OYSTERS AND FISH

always to be had in their season, with Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Apples, Beans, Hominy, &c.

Also, HAMS, SHOULDERS, AND SIDES, Mackerel and Herring, Butter and Lard, Cheese, with all other articles in this line.

Also, Raisins, Almonds, and a general assortment of Confections. Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Segars, Pipes, and a great variety of Notions.

They ask calls, convinced that they can always sell as cheap as the cheapest. As they run cars to the city regularly, their opportunities for keeping up their stock are unusually good, and the public can rely upon getting everything fresh and nice.

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY.

April 9, 1866. tf

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

Washington Hotel,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the above Hotel, and will strive to keep it as a No. 1 House.

His table will be abundantly supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and his bar with the choicest liquors and wines. The stabling is large and commodious. He hopes by strict attention to merit a portion of the public's patronage. ISAAC B. HOUSER.

April 16, 1866. 3m

$25 THE **$25**

UNION BUSINESS COLLEGE,

HANDEL and HAYDEN HALL,

EIGHTH AND SPRING GARDEN STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,

President and Consulting Accountant.

Extraordinary Inducements!

NOVEL & PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS COLLEGE TERMS,

FROM APRIL 1 TO OCTOBER 1, 1866,

AND SUCCEEDING YEARS.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS, including Bookkeeping, Business Correspondence, Forms & Customs, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Penmanship, Detecting Counterfeit Money, and Commercial Law, *TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.*

SCHOLARSHIPS, including the same subjects as above. TIME LIMITED TO THREE MONTHS, *TWENTY DOLLARS.*

PENMANSHIP, Three Months.....$7

Penmanship and Arithmetic, three months $10

The saving of coal and gas in the summer months is an advantage of such importance as enables the management of this College to make a considerable reduction in the summer rates.

FROM OCTOBER 1, 1866, to APRIL 1, 1867,

And succeeding years, as before.

Life Scholarship	$25
Scholarships, 3 months	$25
Penmanship, 3 months	$10
Penmanship and Arithmetic, 3 months	$12

Special Terms for Clubs, Soldiers, and for the Sons of Ministers and Teachers.

DAY AND EVENING INSTRUCTION FOR BOTH SEXES AND ALL AGES,

In Banking, Storekeeping, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Pen Drawing, Phonography, Arithmetic, Mensuration, Algebra, Geometry, Analytical Geometry, The Calculus, Navigation, Surveying, Engineering, Gauging, Mining, Mechanical Drawing, Commercial Law, German, Telegraphing, and the English Branches, at moderate prices.

Endorsed by the public as the most successful Business College of the country, as is evidenced by the fact, that

FOUR HUNDRED & TWO STUDENTS

have entered in the

FIRST SIX MONTHS OF ITS EXISTENCE.

Principals of Departments:

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,

GEO. B. SNYDER, R. S. BABBES,

C. N. FARR, Jr., J. T. REYNOLDS,

HENRY KEIM, A. E. ROGERSON, A. M., C. E.

Supported by an able Corps of Assistants.

Call or send for a Catalogue, College Currency, and Peirce's Practical Educator.

OFFICE—531 NORTH EIGHTH ST., PHILADELPHIA. THOMAS M. PEIRCE.

April 23, 1866. 3m

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

BELL'S

Concentra'd Flavoring Extracts!

EQUAL to any in the market and superior to many, in larger bottles, and at old prices.

Wholesale agents for Baltimore,

BURROUGH BROS.,

Wholesale Druggists.

LIST.—Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Rose, Peach, Nutmeg, Celery, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Birch, Cinnamon, Apple, Mulberry, Pine Apple, Banana, Mace, Raspberry, Pear, Pepper, Parsley, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, and Savory spices.

The great difficulty heretofore experienced in procuring true Flavoring Extracts, has induced the proprietor to spare no pains or expense in giving to the public an article which will be found true to its name, and which will in no instance be a source of disappointment.

It will be observed that our extract of Lemon and Orange is a prepared extract from the Peel, which any one may be convinced of by merely smelling them.

The price of Vanilla Beans, too, has caused more useless Extract of Vanilla to be manufactured and sold than any other essence; being either made from Tonka Beans, or some other fictitious compound. In our Extract we WILL GUARANTEE A PURE ARTICLE! made from the true Bean, without any foreign substance whatever.

Bell's Worm Syrup.

THE MOST INNOCENT, PLEASANT AND EFFICIENT REMEDY IN USE.—A REMEDY PERFECT IN ITSELF.—*No Castor Oil to be Taken.*—In this Preparation we have included such remedies only as have been tried for years and are known to possess powerful anthelmintic virtues, combined with mild aperients, pleasant aromatics and sugar. Anthelmintics of themselves cannot perform their peculiar functions or have the desired effect, unless the bowels are kept moderately open. To produce this, gentle purgatives are necessary and such only ought to be used that cannot interfere with the anthelmintic employed. The advantages we claim for this Syrup are:

1st. Its power of DESTROYING AND EXPELLING WORMS!

2d. Its mild aperient effect upon the bowels.

3d. Its pleasant taste and odor are advantages possessed or claimed by very few Vermifuges.

4th. Its harmless influence upon the system, consequently no injurious effects will result from its use should the patient have no Worms, but an apparent disease, arising from some other unknown cause, which is frequently the case.

The constituents of this Syrup and its effects are known to many Physicians, who are now using it in their practice to a large extent.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

The Greatest Liniment in Use.

BELL'S WHITE OIL!—*The Blandest, Cleanest, most Penetrating and most Economical Liniment in Use.*—A powerful Oleaginus Compound for the Speedy Cure of Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Wounds, Numbness of the Limbs, Frosted Feet and Hands, Spavin, Saddle Galls, Poll-Evil, Ring Bone, Bruises, Swellings of all kind, and in fact every disease for which an Embrocation is applicable, either in Man or Beast. Price 25 cents a bottle.—This preparation, which is original with us, will be found to be one of the nicest and at the same time one of the most reliable applications extant.

Having been employed very extensively since its introduction and feeling satisfied of its remedial properties, we recommend it with the utmost confidence, knowing that no one will be disappointed in its use. It is, as its name implies, a white liniment of the consistency of cream, containing nothing offensive, but, on the contrary, will be found more pleasant than otherwise.

Bell's Alterative,

OR CONDITION POWDERS!

FOR HORSES, CATTLE & SWINE.

25 cents a paper, or five papers for $1.

The immense sale of these Powders during the short period they have been before the public, is a sufficient guarantee of their great popularity, and the decided benefits derived from their use.

They are confidently recommended not only as a preventive, but as a complete cure for all diseases incident to the HORSE, COW or HOG, as Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Distemper, Glanders, &c., &c.

By their use the Horse's Appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance, and may be used with perfect safety at all times, as it contains no ingredients which can injure a horse, whether sick or well.

They cleanse the breathing apparatus by ejecting from the air cells coagulated matter, or that formation which so severely clogs them, causing a tightness in breathing, and by their peculiar action on that part, they cause the mucus membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size.

For fattening cattle they are invaluable, also possessing peculiar properties in increasing the quantity of milk in Cows, thereby giving them an importance and value which should place them within the hands of all interested.

All diseases to which the Hog is subject, as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs and Liver, and as a general purifier of the blood we guarantee their efficacy if once fairly tried.

☞Sold at Gettysburg by A. D. Buehler, Apothecary, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally. Ask for Bell's Preparations.

Prepared exclusively by W. D. Bell, Apothecary, (Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,) West Washington St., Hagerstown, Md. [Oct. 16, 1865. ly

New Goods at Grimes's.

JAMES A. GRIMES, in York street, Gettysburg, has just received a large lot of new GROCERIES, &c., which, having bought for cash, at the latest reduced prices, he is prepared to offer cheaper than they have been sold here for several years. His assortment is very full, embracing the most choice articles in his line, to prove which he asks his old customers and the public generally to call and examine for themselves. His

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES,

FRUITS, NUTS, CONFECTIONS,

TOBACCOS, SEGARS, &c., &c.,

he is certain will please all who may try them, and he therefore asks purchasers, from town and country, to give them a trial before buying elsewhere. He is determined not to be undersold by any other establishment.

His large stock of

FANCY ARTICLES

is kept full by constant additions, and everything in that line can at all times be had good and cheap. Indeed, he flatters himself that his Store, containing as it does so large a variety of Goods, all new and in the best condition, cannot but be looked upon as among the most attractive in town. By attending closely to business, and selling at small profits, he is doing a handsome business, and will spare no effort to increase it by giving satisfaction in all cases. [March 19, 1866.

TRY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative Powders, for HORSES and CATTLE Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.

January 25, 1864.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best London Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has issued over forty thousand policies, and *paid over twelve hundred claims.*

Selected Poetry.

THE SEXTON.

BY PARK BENJAMIN.

Nigh to a grave that was newly made,
Leaned a sexton old on his earth-worn spade;
His work was done, and he paused to wait
The funeral train through the open gate;
A relic of by-gone days was he,
And his locks were white as the foamy sea—
And these words came from his lips so thin,
"I gather them in! I gather them in!"

"I gather them in: for, man and boy,
Year after year of grief and joy,
I've builded the houses that lie around
In every nook of this burial ground.
Mother and daughter, father and son,
Come to my solitude, one by one—
But come they strangers or come they kin,
I gather them in! I gather them in!

"Many are with me, but still I'm alone!
I am king of the dead—and I make my throne
On a monument slab of marble cold,
And my sceptre of rule is the spade I hold.
Come they from cottage or come they from hall—
Mankind are my subjects—all, all, all!
Let them loiter in pleasure or lolifully spin—
I gather them in! I gather them in!

"I gather them in—and their final rest,
Is here, down here in the Earth's dark breast;"
And the sexton ceased—for the funeral train
Wound mutely over that solemn plain;
And I said to my heart—when time is told,
A mightier voice than that sexton's old
Will sound o'er the last trump's dreadful din—
"I gather them in! I gather them in!"

Agricultural & Domestic.

THE ORCHARD.

He who has planted trees has done well, but he who has watched them and cared for their early growth, has done better. There would be very little to be said about pruning, were the young trees properly looked after. The rubbing off of a superfluous bud here, pinching a rampant shoot there, and the judicious use of the pocket knife as occasion required, would soon put a young orchard in the way it should go. But as people will let trees have their own way until they need

Pruning, we are obliged to accept pruning, the cutting off of large limbs, as one of the operations that must be done. This and the next are the months in which to do it, as now in the growing season the wounds heal over "kindly." Never cut a limb from a tree unless something is to be gained by it. Indiscriminate hacking merely because it is the pruning season, is not to be commended. If the head is too crowded and there is not room for the light and air, thin it; if one branch grows so near another as to chafe it, take it out; if the tree is disposed to grow one-sided, balance it. Use a saw with a wide "set," never an axe, though sometimes a heavy chisel driven up from below, will prove efficient. Leave a smooth cut, by paring carefully with a knife or chisel if need be. The wound will heal over all the better if covered from the air. The old solution of shellac in alcohol is an excellent application, but the price of materials is too high to allow their general use, and

Grafting Wax, applied warm with a brush, is a very useful substitute. One part tallow, two of wax, four of rosin, melted together and applied while warm, will answer the purpose. The composition may be made harder or softer by altering the proportion of tallow. In shaping

Young Trees, to form low heads, if only for the protection the overhanging branches afford to the trunk.

Grafts set this spring will now show whether they have "taken." In common cleft grafting there are usually two cions put in, but seldom more than one is needed. Cut off the superfluous one, and if the upper buds of the one allowed to grow are disposed to starve the lower ones, shorten them by pinching. In short, treat a graft as if it were a newly planted young tree. Keep the wax or clay closely applied, until the wound is well covered.

Insects will demand much of the attention of the fruit grower at this time. One of the most conspicuous of these is the Tent Caterpillar. If, as we advised in season, the eggs were looked for and removed, the number of tents will be sensibly less. We have probably a dozen letters giving the writers' method of treating this caterpillar; they all result in destroying the nest and killing the inhabitants. Kerosene on a swab, soft-soap on a swab and a torch of kerosene to burn them out are among the remedies proposed. As good a way as we have ever seen, is to pull off the nest and trample on it, wearing gloves if you are squeamish about caterpillars; or, if the nest is, as is often the case, on a small twig, cut it off, but don't omit the trampling. Fires in the orchard at night will attract and destroy many moths, and some place lamps or lanterns in large pans of water. The insects strike against the glass and fall into the water and are drowned.

Seed-beds of fruit and other trees will need weeding, and thinning, and often, especially in the case of forest and evergreens, need shading. If seedling evergreens are disposed to damp off, sift over the bed an inch or so of dry sand.

Evergreens may still be transplanted, if the roots are properly kept from drying. They may also be pruned into shape.—Always keep the upper branches from overhanging the lower. They bear free cutting, and may be dwarfed or shaped at will. Clean culture is as necessary for shrubs and trees as for corn and potatoes, and pays as well, therefore destroy

Weeds, by the use of the cultivator, hoe, rake, or hand, weeding as circumstances require.—*Amer Agriculturist.*

Don't Neglect to Sow Plaster.

Red Clover is the great renovating crop of American agriculture, and plaster is the well tried manure for clover. The plaster, in most sections, costs but little, say from $3 to $5 per ton, and 100 lbs. to 200 lbs. is sufficient for an acre. We have now machines that will sow from fifteen to twenty acres a day, and the farmer who neglects to sow plaster on his young clover, omits one of the essential means of enriching his soil—for plaster increases the growth of the clover, and clover enriches the farm. Peas, like clover, are a leguminous plant, and on most soils plaster has a beneficial effect on this crop. It may be sown broadcast, say from one to two bushels per acre at the time of sowing the peas, or if they are already up, sow the plaster broadcast over them. There are those who think this the better way—that the plaster does most good on the foliage. Hence in sowing plaster on corn it is usual to wait until the plants are up a few inches high, and then scatter a tablespoonful or so on the hill and over the plants. We have experimented a good deal with manures for corn, and while many artificial manures greatly increased the crop, plaster is the only fertilizer that has given us an increase, sufficient at 50 cents a bushel to cover the cost of the manures employed. When corn usually brings a dollar a bushel, bone dust, superphosphate, and guano, if of good quality, can be frequently used with profit. But plaster can always be used on dry upland with advantage, even if the corn brings only 40 cents a bushel.—*Ib.*

Choice Miscellany.

ANOTHER LOYAL PARSON IN TROUBLE.

[From the Philadelphia Age of 25th ult.]

The "City Pastor"—He is Charged with Embezzling Funds.

The Recorder's Office was crowded yesterday afternoon, the occasion being the arraignment of William McElwee, otherwise known as "City Pastor," upon the charge of embezzling the sum of $21.50, intrusted to him for benevolent purposes. Mr. Charles Wilson preferred the charge. He stated that he brought the suit solely to vindicate the honor of newspapers.—He had no ill-feeling towards the gentleman, and merely desired to ascertain where the $21.50 went to. There was received at the office of the newspaper which he represented $81.50, and a package of tea and coffee, for a suffering woman named Mrs. Dowell. This money was handed over to Mr. McElwee, who had acknowledged the receipt of the entire sum. Mr. McElwee was represented by counsel. The evidence was as follows:

Mrs. Hannah L. Dowell, sworn—I live at No. 934 Cantrell street; Mr. McElwee brought me at first $10, and afterwards $20, and finally $30 and a package of tea and coffee; after receiving the first $30, witness called to see if there was any more for her; Mr. McElwee said that she was very lucky to get so much; that there were others suffering worse than her, even starving; he further said: I ought to be satisfied with what I got; last Tuesday I called again, and he gave me $30 more.

Cross-examined—I think it was the 18th of April that I got the first $10; he and his wife rode down to my house in a carriage and brought it; I got the $20 on the 21st; I saw an acknowledgment in the newspaper that Mr. McElwee had received $81.50 for me; after I had received the $30 I went to him for the rest, and he told me to go away; that I had got $30 and some clothes to wear, and there were a great many others who were still worse off than I.

Charles Perkes, sworn—Last Sunday afternoon I heard from Mrs. Dowell's sister that Mrs. Dowell had received only $30 of the money announced as subscribed for her; she offered to go to Mr. McElwee, "City Pastor," and see what it meant; I learned that the $81.50 had been paid to the "City Pastor;" went to his residence and told him he could pay the rest of it or not, if he pleased; the "City Pastor" considered that it was discretionary with him whether to do so or not; he crumpled the slip of paper in his hand; this paper had the acknowledgment printed on it; I asked him for the additional sum and he threw the paper on the floor to me; I took it up and thanked him for being a gentleman; he wanted to know if I was a lawyer, or by what right I interfered; I gave him my address and told him that all I wanted of him was to prevent the family of Mrs. Dowell from being imposed upon, he asked me and the friend I brought with me if we doubted his willingness to pay over the money; I told him that I certainly did; he said that he did not talk with ruffians, but if we came as gentlemen he would talk with us; we left him; he subsequently came to my house a good deal agitated and said that if I would go up to his house he would let me audit the accounts, and see that everything was right; he showed me that there was a typographical error which made of $1.50 $15.00; he had charged $2 for riding down in a carriage to take the money to Mrs. Dowell; witness asked him if he had so little conscience as to charge a poor woman almost starving two dollars for himself and wife to ride them down to pay ten dollars; he ordered me out of the house; I asked him if he intended to pay over the other $21.50 and he refused to answer.

A letter was read from Mr. McElwee to the proprietors of a newspaper, in which he states that he considered the matter discretionary with him to disburse the money he received. It was dated just after the woman had received the first thirty dollars, and before she received the last thirty, in which Mr. McElwee says that there are persons to whom it would be unwise to give even $50 at a time, and that thus he had not paid to Mrs. Dowell the full amount intrusted to him; that he knew other parties in abject misery; and that he never understood that he was left no discretion in the distribution of alms confided to his charge.

After the above evidence was elicited, the Recorder reserved his decision in the case till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-day.

[From the Age of the 26th.]

The "City Pastor."—Recorder Enue, in the case of Wm. McElwee vs. Mrs. Hannah Dowell, was to have given his decision in the matter yesterday morning, but at the hour fixed, 10 o'clock, he announced his intention to decide the case at half past three in the afternoon, at which time he ordered the defendant to find bail in the sum of $600, to answer the charge at court.

NURSING TROUBLES.

Some people are as careful of their troubles as mothers are of their babies; they cuddle them, and rock them, and hug them, and cry over them, and fly into a passion with you if you try to take them away from them; they want you to fret with them, and to help them to believe that they have been worse treated than anybody else. If they could, they would have a picture of their grief in a gold frame, hung over the mantle-shelf for everybody to look at. And their grief makes them ordinarily selfish; they think more of their dear little grief in the basket or in the cradle than they do of all the world beside; and they say you are hard-hearted if you say don't fret. "Ah! you don't understand me—you don't know me—you can't enter into my trials."

☞"The pen *is* mightier than the sword," for it has achieved a military reputation for Geary which no sword ever did or could do.

FRAUDS EXPOSED.

HOW THE ABOLITIONISTS SQUANDER THE PEOPLE'S MONEY.

Speech of Hon. William Hopkins, delivered in the Senate of Pennsylvania, on the 10th of April, 1866, against certain portions of the general appropriation bill.

Mr. Speaker:—As I shall be compelled to withhold my vote from this bill, in its present form, I desire to put upon record some of the reasons which influence me in doing so.

Before doing this, however, I wish it to be distinctly understood that most of its provisions have my cordial approval, and if they stood alone, or were even connected with a *reasonable* amount of objectionable matter, I would certainly vote for them. Among *these* I must not fail to mention the appropriation of three hundred thousand dollars for the support of schools for the education of the orphan children of our brave soldiers.

This I regard the most praiseworthy of *all* the provisions of the bill, and it is with the greatest reluctance that I withhold my vote from it, on account of *other* matters which I cannot sanction, without self-reproach.

Were I to consider this bill as a whole, as a mere *partisan*, I would desire its passage, for the reason that the Republican party is largely in the majority in both branches of the Legislature, and have the Governor, and would, therefore, be held responsible for whatever wrong there might be in it.

But I trust that I shall always be actuated by higher and more statesmanlike motives. The questions involved here interest *every tax payer in the Commonwealth*, and should, therefore, be discussed upon their merits, without regard to how it may effect either the one party or the other. In this spirit I propose to examine, very briefly, some few of the most objectionable provisions of the bill. In doing so, I shall be obliged to pass, unnoticed, a number of items deserving attention, in order that I may occupy the few moments allotted me in examining the more important portions of it.

The first item to which I invite the attention of Senators is the extra compensation to subordinate officers. In this I exclude the regular clerks, because they do more labor for what they receive than any other class.

This extra pay amounts, in the aggregate, to *twenty thousand and six hundred dollars*, ($20,600,) exclusive of the *regular* pay of that portion of the officers who are employed without authority of law.

To show that there are those thus employed, I refer Senators to pamphlet laws of 1863, page 370, where this provision will be found:

"SEC. 63. That the officers of the legislature, after the present session, shall be as follows, to wit: For the Senate, one chief clerk, one assistant clerk, three transcribing clerks, one librarian, one sergeant-at-arms, one door keeper, four assistant door keepers, one messenger, four pages, one fireman, and one door keeper in the rotunda; and for the House of Representatives, one chief clerk, one assistant clerk, four transcribing clerks, one sergeant-at-arms, two assistant sergeants-at-arms, one door keeper, two assistant door keepers, one messenger, and two assistant messengers, a postmaster, and four pasters, and four folders, eight pages, one fireman, and one door keeper in the rotunda, and no more; and none of said officers shall return, as such, to the next meeting of the Legislature, except the chief clerks, the assistant clerks, and one transcribing clerk, for each House, to be designated by the chief clerk, the librarian, the sergeant-at-arms, and one assistant, and the door keepers, and one assistant, and the messengers and postmaster; and all acts, and parts of acts, inconsistent with the provisions of this section, are hereby repealed; and it shall not be lawful for either house to increase the number of officers hereby provided, without the consent of the other House."

This law remains unrepealed on your statute book to-day, unless it be claimed that a disregard of its requirements for the past two years renders it *obsolete*.

Now let us see how far this bill conforms to the act of Assembly. By the provisions of this section, it will be perceived that the number of assistant sergeants-at-arms, door keepers and messengers is limited by the act to *two* for each *principal*, while the bill before us provides for *four* in each case, making a difference of *six*.

The number of "pasters and folders" is fixed in the law at *eight*, and this provides for *nineteen*, being *eleven of an excess*. Add those to the six just named, and you have *seventeen men* in the House alone more than the law authorizes, to say nothing of extra clerks, pages, &c.

The regular pay of those *supernumeraries* is three dollars per day, making, say, five thousand dollars, which added to the twenty thousand six hundred as above stated, makes a total of *twenty-five thousand six hundred dollars* ($25,600.)

If I am not stating this case fairly, I will thank any Senator to point out the error, and I will be glad to stand corrected.

Perhaps the most *palpable wrong* here complained of is in regard to the "pasters and folders," for I do not hesitate to express the opinion that five or six boys would put up every document sent off from the House, and play half the time. In this opinion I am sustained by practical printers, who know all about the labor connected with folding and pasting papers and documents.

Sir, think of it a moment. Here are *nineteen men* receiving not only regular pay, but three dollars and fifty cents per day *extra*, making *six dollars and fifty cents per day*, and that, too, as has been stated, for doing what five or six boys could do without difficulty.

If we add all the subordinates of the House together, (exclusive of clerks,) it will be found that the number is *forty men*, besides some ten boys as pages, being one for every *two members*.

Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that if our unsuspecting, tax-ridden people would but spend a day or two in Harrisburg, and see the number of men supported in idleness, out of the public treasury, no party could bear up under such a load.

Now, in saying this, I must not be understood as speaking unkindly of the men thus paid, for I dare say that they are all very clever men; but as this is probably the last opportunity I shall ever have of doing so, I wish to *renew* a protest that I have often made against such an *abuse* of the trust reposed in us by a too confiding constituency.

This money, thus *uselessly squandered*, would, if applied toward the payment of interest on our public debt, pay on it over *four hundred thousand dollars*, ($100,000.) Or it would pay almost all the appropriations asked for those *Heaven-born*, benevolent institutions, which, like the dews of Heaven, dispense their blessings in such rich profusion, if not "alike on the rich and the poor," do, at least, on the latter. But those institutions were turned away, because, forsooth, they were *local*.

Sir, when I reflect on the *vast* amount of good these *twenty-five thousand six hundred dollars* might have complished in the way of rescuing from want, wretchedness and destruction, thousands of fatherless, homeless children, made so by the terrible civil war through which we just passed, I am *amazed* that there should be two opinions on the subject. But let this suffice on this point.

The next section to which I desire to call the attention of Senators is 31. This section contains two propositions which I cannot sanction. The first is the appropriation of seventeen thousand dollars, to be expended by the superintendent of public buildings, and the second is an *indefinite* appropriation for the repairs of the Senate Chamber and Hall of the House of Representatives, to be done under the supervision of the clerks of the two Houses.

Now, whatever repairs may be necessary about the public buildings should be specified, and the appropriation specified.

This would be in accordance with the wise recommendation of our worthy Governor, in his late annual message, when he says:

"Within a few years, acts have been repeatedly passed directing the expenditure of as much money as may be necessary to effect named purposes, sometimes without clearly designating by whom the money is to be expended, or how the accounts are to be examined. This custom is very recent, and has already led to abuses.

I recommend that the practice be corrected, and that no appropriation be made without having the *exact sum appropriated*, and the *specific purpose to which it is to be applied*."

I have been led to object to this section from a casual examination of some of the bills for those repairs last year, under a similar provision. And in what I am about to say, I do not intend any imputation upon the integrity of our excellent clerk, or of that of the clerk of the House, under whose joint supervision the repairs of the two halls were made, but that they have been imposed upon is to my mind quite clear.

Time will not allow me to examine all those bills, and I will, therefore, detain the Senate with but one or two, as specimens of the whole. For example, I find a charge of four hundred and fifty-five dollars for "making thirteen sets of venetian shutters," which is thirty-five dollars per set, besides *painting*, which I am informed, is *twenty dollars per set*, making *fifty-five dollars*. Now, from what I have learned from practical men, this is *downright extortion* to the amount of from fifteen to twenty dollars per set.

Another charge is for "eighty upholstered arm sofa chairs for Senate lobby," at twenty dollars each, making *sixteen hundred dollars*.

This, I doubt not, is equally as *exorbitant* a charge as the other, and if there be those who think differently, let them inquire, as I have done, of men competent to judge.

These, I suppose, may be regarded as fair examples of the whole bills in the two halls.

I will refer to but one bill, under the supervision of the superintendent of public buildings; and, as I have not the items I can only give the result. This bill amounted to about twenty-four hundred dollars, and was regarded by the accounting officers as so *monstrous* that they cut it down to some sixteen hundred dollars, which the contractor accepted, and alleged as a reason, for the *enormous* charge in the original bill, that the superintendent of public buildings was to receive a portion of the profits; and *this* is the way the money of the people is *squandered*.

A superintendent of the public buildings is appointed, and he gives out contracts to his *favorites*, I suppose, and in a bill for repairs the accounting officers curtail it eight hundred dollars, and the contractor shields himself, or attempts to do so,

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:
Monday Morning, June 4, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

DEATH OF GEN. SCOTT.

Lieut. Gen. Winfield Scott died at West Point, on Tuesday morning last, at the advanced age of nearly eighty years.—The funeral took place at the Academy Chapel on Friday.

The fame of Gen. Scott is world-wide. The distinguished part he acted in the war of 1812 and the Mexican war, placed his name high upon the scroll of military renown, and added additional lustre to American gallantry. For his achievements in the field, his memory will be held in grateful remembrance.

— Both Houses of Congress, on Thursday, adopted a resolution of respect to the memory of Gen. Scott, and appointed a committee of seven from the Senate and nine from the House, to be accompanied by the presiding officers, to proceed to West Point for the purpose of representing Congress at the funeral, on Friday. As a further mark of respect, the two Houses adjourned until to-day.

The Army and Navy paid proper honors to the memory of the deceased, on Friday, by raising the national flag at half-mast, and firing minute guns.

SIGNIFICANT.

The Philadelphia *Daily News*, one of the oldest "Republican" papers in the State, refuses to support Geary for Governor. The Pittsburg *Republic* is in a similar predicament. The Easton *Argus* of May 24, has the following:

Hauling Down the Geary Flag.

The Easton *Gegenwart*, the German organ of the "Republican" party in Northampton county, has hauled down the Geary flag for Governor. The editor can no longer support the negro suffrage doctrines of Thad. Stevens & Co.

It is said that "straws show which way the wind blows."

HOW THE SOLDIERS ARE GOING.

We never believed that the soldiers could be induced to support Geary. They know that he is indebted to the Philadelphia *Inquirer* for his military reputation, such as it is. They know that he professed to be a "life-long Democrat," until he was offered the nomination of the Republican party by Simon Cameron and John W. Forney. They know that when he became the tool of these corrupt and intriguing politicians, he was ready to do their bidding. They know that he has openly declared that he endorses the acts and speeches of Thad Stevens.—Knowing these things, no right thinking man among the returned soldiers will vote for Geary. All over the State they are arraying themselves with the Democratic party in support of President Johnson's policy, and in open opposition to the radical disunionists and their bogus military candidate for Governor.

SIGNIFICANT HISTORICAL FACT.

It is a fact that the Democratic party has always sustained every incumbent of the Presidential chair who has defended the Constitution—and the anti-Democrats have heartily opposed all such. The only three Presidents ever elected by the anti-Democrats, were Harrison, Taylor and Lincoln. Each died in the Presidential office, and were succeeded by Vice-Presidents elected by the same party. In each case, the anti-Democrats quarreled with the Vice-Presidents, because they would insist on being guided by the Constitution—and they each, in turn, had to throw themselves for support on the Democratic party. These are significant historical facts.

Let it "Drop."—President Johnson, it seems, is determined every Federal officer in the State, who has no more respect for law and justice, and no more love for the Union, than to endorse Sumner and Stevens, shall be removed, and if the Senate refuses to confirm his appointments he will send agents from the various departments to fill the places of those removed, until the Senate does confirm the officers appointed. It is a move in the right direction, and because a blow at a vital point of abolition disunionism, the harder he strikes it, the better it will be for the country. Let the axe "drop;" none will be hurt but those who should be.

☞The Washington county *Examiner* says that of *seventy-two* jurors drawn for the May term of the court of that county, but *four* are Democrats. With but few exceptions, this is said to be the usual course in that county, and yet the Disunion majority of the late Legislature, when passing a jury commissioners bill for Democratic counties, refused to include Washington county.

☞Prominent gentlemen of Maryland say that the Johnson men will sweep the State at the next election. A Legislature will be elected which will repeal the obnoxious and unconstitutional registry law, and every Congressional District in the State is considered certain for the Johnson candidates. The two Thomases, the Radical representatives from the Second and Fourth Districts, will be *ingloriously* defeated.

Burning of the Harrisburg Bridge.—The eastern end of the old Harrisburg bridge, from Foster's Island to the city, was entirely consumed by fire on the morning of Saturday week. The fire was discovered about 1 o'clock in the morning and baffled all efforts to subdue it. Great exertions on part of the firemen were required to prevent the flames reaching the property adjacent on Front street. The loss is between sixty and ninety thousand dollars. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

☞The feat of guiding a balloon, (with the wind, across it, or against it,) was recently accomplished by an aeronaut in New York, Dr. Andrews. His success has created some sensation, the thing having often before been attempted and always failed, by reason of some imperfection in the machinery.

☞A meeting of negroes has been held in New York, to agitate for negro suffrage. The thing is to be accomplished in Pennsylvania by the election of Geary, the Thad Stevens candidate for Governor.

THE FENIANS.

They Capture Fort Erie!—The Fenians have invaded Canada. They effected a landing on the night of the 31st—crossing in canal boats, drawn by steam tugs. Col. O'Neill was in chief command, and the Fenian forces amounted to several regiments, including troops from Kentucky, Indiana, Ohio, Tennessee and New York. They had captured Fort Erie, and were marching towards Chippewa, destroying telegraphs and railroads, and "pressing" horses.

The news of the invasion created great activity among the Canadian military, and we may therefore look for more stirring news in a day or two.

MISSOURI IS COMING.

A correspondent, who has recently made a business trip through many of the interior counties of Missouri, is surprised and amazed at the rapidity with which the Radical party of that State is going to pieces. He says the desertions from its ranks may be numbered by hundreds and thousands. The reasons therefor he thus states in a letter to the St. Louis *Republican*:

"There are many reasons for this great and desirable change, chief among which are the outrageous character of many of the provisions of the new Constitution, the inhuman and disgraceful persecution of ministers of the gospel, the arrest and imprisonment of teachers, the wild and wasteful extravagance of the party in power, saddling upon the people a load of taxation which they can ill afford to bear and under which they are fairly groaning, and the unholy fanatical and suicidal course of the majority in Congress. These and many other reasons have operated upon the minds of the people until they have determined to have a change. *Missouri is thoroughly aroused*, and, with energy, vigilance and untiring zeal on the part of the friends of the Union and the supporters of Andrew Johnson, *the next election will bury Radicalism in a grave so deep that for it there will be no resurrection.* I believe it the easiest matter in the world to make the Conservative majority from *forty to sixty thousand.*"

☞The new Freedmen's Bureau Bill which the Radicals have put through the House by a vote of ninety-six to thirty-four is as objectionable as the one vetoed by President Johnson. Should it pass the Senate there can be no doubt it would be summarily vetoed. That would kill it, as there is no likelihood that it could be put through over the veto. Only after political passions have subsided will the people of this country realize fully how much they are indebted to the firmness, the patriotism and the wise statesmanship of President Johnson.

☞The Unconditional Union State Central Committee of Maryland met in Baltimore on Tuesday, Col. W. H. Purnell in the chair. A majority of the committee were present. It was resolved to hold a State Convention to nominate candidates on the fourth Wednesday of July. A motion pledging the Union party of Maryland to a maintenance of the registration law was summarily voted down, there being only four votes in its favor. This action of the committee renders it sure that the infamous registration law will be speedily repealed, as it should be.

☞One after another, the gallant soldiers of the nation are repudiating the Radicals, and declaring for such a constitutional adjustment of our present difficulties as will make us a united and happy people. The gallant General James Shields has written a letter from Carrollton, Missouri, heartily sustaining the President, and denouncing the Radical and revolutionary measures of the present Congress.

☞The Radical disunion journals are very much distressed at the soldiers' movement against Geary. For several days past they have been applying to the brave men who risked their lives on the battle-field such choice epithets as "copperheads," "traitors," and "deserters." The reason of this sudden change in feeling towards "the boys in blue" is because the latter have determined to oppose the election of the negro-suffrage candidate, Geary, and intend to vote for Hiester Clymer, the champion of Union, Restoration, and Constitutional Liberty.

☞A conservative organization, called the "White Man's Club," has been formed in Allegheny county, Md. The most prominent citizens of the county are in it, and it will no doubt be very effective in support of President Johnson's policy.

☞The Democratic Central Committee of Illinois have resolved to hold their State Convention in August, and to invite to it those Republicans who deprecate the "disunion schemes of the Radicals, and desire to support the patriotic policy of the President."

☞Another "loyal" thief has "gone up" in the person of one T. O. A. Dexter, late a supervising Treasury agent in Alabama. He has been convicted of appropriating 3,334 bales of Government cotton to his own use, and sentenced to pay a fine of $250,000 and be confined in the Nashville penitentiary for one year or until the fine is paid.

☞Mr. N. H. Wright, the Radical postmaster at Alum Bank, Bedford county, has been removed, and Mr. B. F. Horn appointed in his place. All whom it may concern, please take notice.

☞The Union League advertises for all soldiers out of employment to engage in *peddling pictures of General Geary!* This is not quite what they were promised while the war was going on.

☞The Pittsburg *Dispatch* says that the President has made another removal in that city, and that a clean sweep is to be made of the balance in a few days.

☞Another terrible conflagration occurred at Oil City on the 26th ult. The whole east side of Oil Creek, embracing half the business portion of the city, is laid in ashes. The loss is estimated at one million of dollars, and seventy-five families are rendered houseless.

A destructive fire occurred in Pittsburg on the same day, by which ten buildings were destroyed.

☞Quite a large quantity of strawberries are now being shipped North from Norfolk, price five cents a quart. New Irish potatoes bring twenty-five cents a quart.

☞The Supreme Court of the United States has decided the Missouri "test oath" to be unconstitutional.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

JOHN W. GEARY, THE SOLDIER TYRANT.

The private soldier in the army of the United States does not cease to be a citizen by the fact of his having joined his country's cause in time of war, but retains his manhood unimpaired, except only such military subjection as becomes necessary to secure order and success to the cause in which they are engaged.

The *status* of volunteer soldiers was correctly understood and recognized by Lieut. Gen. Grant, Maj. Gens. McClellan, Sherman, Sheridan and Meade, and, in fact, all officers of the Regular Army, and *their rights* respected. But with a few worthy exceptions, by the officers of the volunteer service, being political demagogues, the rights of the private soldiers were shamefully denied them, and their confidence abused. Among this class none were more regardless of the soldiers' claims than John W. Geary and Benj. F. Butler, familiarly known among the soldiers as "Geary, the Tyrant," and "Butler, the Beast."

I can safely say that having been much associated with officers and men belonging to the commands of both, there never was an instance that I heard a kind word expressed by one of their men, of them, in my life; but, to the contrary, curses loud and deep poured forth constantly upon them. These two individuals resemble each other in more particulars than one. Both were broken down political hucksters at the commencement of the war. Both joined the army for political purposes. Both "fought" their way into notoriety and power through the newspapers. Both were held in contempt and disgust by every soldier who knew them, even the favorites with whom they surrounded themselves. And both were as notorious for their tyranny to their men as cowardice before their enemies.

Now, soldiers, this same "Geary, the Tyrant," asks your suffrages this fall, that he may again lord it over you as your civil chief magistrate. Remember your sufferings under him for four years in the field, when you go to cast your ballot in the fall, and "black ball" him. Remember his tyranny on the march from Berryville, in the spring of 1862, when he compelled a favorite officer of yours to march on foot, and lead his horse, behind the regiment, because of some trifling act offensive to him; and if you belonged to the brave old 28th, or had any friends in it, I know he will not get your votes. C.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY SOLDIERS.

They Repudiate the Radicals, and Declare for Clymer.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE AGE.]

CARLISLE, PA., May 28.

The soldiers of Cumberland County met here to-day to elect their delegates to the Pittsburgh Soldiers' Convention, in pursuance of the call of Major-General Hartranft. Delegates were elected, and a series of resolutions adopted. The resolutions were strong and decided, and fully express the sentiments of "the boys in blue" in this region. They denounce the Radical disunionists; repudiate negro suffrage; declare that the Southern States are entitled to representation in Congress; indorse the restoration policy of Andrew Johnson; and also indorse the nomination of Hiester Clymer for Governor of Pennsylvania. W. K.

THE SOLDIERS OF PERRY.

The Men Who Fought for the Union Sustain its Champion and Defender.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE AGE.]

NEW BLOOMFIELD, Pa., May 28, 1866.

Editors of the Age:

On last Saturday the honorably discharged Democratic soldiers of this county held a large and enthusiastic convention at this place. The call was signed by about two hundred and twenty-five, and although this is a very busy season of the year, over one hundred and fifty of the boys who lately wore the blue assembled in the court room. Mr. James A. Stevens, principal of the Academy, who had volunteered as a private although able to command a regiment, was chosen President. A large number of vice presidents supported him. The resolutions were strongly written, and passed unanimously, pledging the meeting to the support of President Johnson in his policy of restoration, and denouncing the proceedings in Congress. The meeting resolved itself into a Soldiers' Clymer Club, and Capt. D. D. Tressler was chosen permanent President. Speeches were made by Chas. J. T. McIntire, Major George Robinson, a veteran of the war of 1812, D. L. Tressler, and Dr. Isaac Lefevre. The best feeling prevailed, and the interest exhibited by "the boys" augurs success next fall. Our cry is—The Union, the Constitution, Clymer, and Victory!

A WEAK INVENTION.

The New York *Tribune*, of yesterday, published the following:

"The Baltimore *American* states that Hiester Clymer is to be withdrawn as a candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, and some one put up instead whose record will not turn the stomachs of such Conservatives as Cowan and Doolittle, who are parties to the arrangement. This is as it should be. It is not fair to General Geary to let him run alone. Do put up somebody who can make a race, and not let the election go by default."

As the *Tribune's* authority for the above absurd *canard* is the Baltimore *American*, it is scarcely worth while to contradict it, for the latter sheet invents so many wonderful stories, upon every conceivable subject, that no attention whatever is paid to its fabrications in the region where it is printed. But for the *Tribune's* especial information, we beg to state that "Hiester Clymer," if he is alive, will be voted for at the next October election by the Democracy of Pennsylvania, and *no other candidate*. The Radicals who seem so anxious to have Mr. Clymer withdraw, had better make up their minds to this, and not waste any more of their precious time in speculating about an event which certainly is never to happen. Again, the *Tribune* is all wrong in its sympathy for poor Geary. It is entirely misplaced.—He will not thank Mr. Greeley for it.—The General would like nothing better than to *run* alone. It was his great *feat* in his military career, and his opponent would have great cause for apprehension as to the result, if it were not for the assurance furnished him on good authority, that "the race is not always to the *swift*."—*Age of Monday.*

☞Snow fell in Chenango county, N. Y., on Thursday week, and Binghamton on Wednesday week. It also fell in New Hampshire to a depth of several inches.

☞Jeff. Davis has been allowed the freedom of Fortress Monroe, by special order. His counsel have free intercourse with him.

☞The Rebel Senator, D. L. Yulee, of Florida, was recently released from confinement in Fort Pulaski, at the written request of Lieut. Gen. Grant.

☞General Joseph E. Johnston was on the 11th inst., elected President of the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

☞The communication of "Hygeia" will appear in our next. His suggestions are timely and valuable.

AWFUL ACCIDENT.—A heart-rending accident occurred at the new stable at St. Joseph's Academy, near Emmitsburg, on Saturday morning week. Charles Slick, aged 18 years, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a musket, in the hands of a young man named Richard Brawner. The boys were accustomed to drill with the old musket, which was kept in the stable, not loaded. On the evening previous, P. Carrol, an old man employed on the farm, loaded it to shoot some crows, and put it back in the stable, without discharging it, or notifying the boys of its being loaded. Hence the occurrence of the accident by their "drilling" next morning.

CORPUS CHRISTI.—This is one of the most important festivals of the Catholic Church. It is always held on the Thursday after Trinity Sunday, and celebrates the doctrine of transubstantiation—(the body of Christ in the Eucharist.)

For a number of years past the day has been observed with impressive ceremonies at Conowago Chapel, in this county—and Thursday last did not prove an exception to what has become the rule, unless it was in the addition of a number of new features to the procession, which was more grand and attractive than any preceding one. We cannot undertake to detail the various points in the Holy Scriptures, illustrated, in character and by emblems, in the procession. There were hundreds of them, and all strikingly well brought out. The Littlestown Brass Band was present and added greatly to the music, whilst two small cannon lent their "voices of thunder" to the occasion.

The weather being fine, the procession made an unusually brilliant appearance—and it was, of course, witnessed by an enormous crowd, of all ages and sexes—many from a distance.

NEW OXFORD.—We understand that some ten or twelve houses will go up, *during the coming summer*, in the beautiful village of New Oxford.

Improvements are noticable almost everywhere throughout the county—in the country, as well as in the towns.—Let there be no halting in this good work. Comfort and convenience must suggest its propriety to all. Indeed, in hardly any other way is money spent to a better purpose than in the tasteful and substantial improvement of real estate.

MONT ALTO FURNACE DESTROYED.—We learn that Mont Alto Furnace, in the South Mountain, was destroyed by fire, on the 19th ult. The fire communicated to the neighboring woods, destroying a vast amount of timber and charcoal, and continued burning for some days.

SENTENCED.—On Tuesday week, before the United States District Court at Philadelphia, John G. Mellinger, a Post Office Route Agent on the road between Columbia and Reading, plead guilty to an indictment charging him with stealing and embezzling letters from the mail in his charge. Money known to have been sent by mail over his route was found in his possession at the time of his arrest.—He was sentenced to five years in the Eastern Penitentiary.

☞Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe, of Chambersburg, will be pressed by the Democracy of Franklin county for the Congressional nomination. Judge Kimmell declines to have his name used in connection with the position.

☞Mr. H. B. Cromer, of Cumberland township, informs us that three of his geese, this spring, laid 61 eggs. This is considered *extraordinary*, as a goose will usually lay no more than a dozen in a season.

MONUMENT MEETING.

Pursuant to a published call, a meeting of soldiers and citizens of Adams county was held in the Court-house, on Saturday, 26th of May, 1866, to inaugurate a movement for the erection of a suitable monument to the deceased Soldiers of Adams county in the Public Square of Gettysburg.

At ten o'clock, A. M., Lt. Col. E. G. Fahnestock called the meeting to order, and on his motion, Col. C. H. Buehler was called to the Chair.

On motion of Maj. N. G. Camp, Adj't. J. H. White was appointed Secretary.

After a brief statement of the object of the meeting, the following gentlemen were, on mocion, appointed a Committee to report a plan of operations, viz:—Lt. Col. E. G. Fahnestock, Col. G. W. Frederick and Lieut. P. Houck.

The following resolution was then proposed, and after an interchange of sentiment, unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the carrying out of the movement this day inaugurated, for the erection of a monument to the deceased soldiers of Adams county, in the Public Square of Gettysburg, be entrusted exclusively to the hands of the surviving soldiers.

Adjourned to 1½ o'clock, P. M.

At the appointed hour the meeting reassembled. The Committee on plan of operations submitted the following report:

Resolved, That a monument be erected in the Public Square of Gettysburg to the memory of the deceased soldiers of Adams county.

Resolved, That efforts be made to secure ten thousand dollars, (or more,) for the purpose of erecting and enclosing the monument.

Resolved, That the names of all deceased soldiers of Adams county, with as full a record as is expedient, shall be engraved upon it, and that a record of the names of all surviving soldiers, as also the names of all contributors, shall be placed in its corner-stone.

Resolved, That an executive committee of fourteen be appointed by the President of this meeting, (of which he is appointed ex-officio chairman,) to whom shall be entrusted the full and exclusive control of the whole movement, and who shall have authority to fill all vacancies that may occur in the committee.

Resolved, That this executive committee be authorized to appoint a sub-committee of two or more from each township and borough to canvass and solicit subscriptions in their several districts for the above purpose.

Resolved, That this committee be requested from time to time to communicate their progress to the public through the newspapers of the town.

The resolutions were taken up one after another, and after proper discussion and a few amendments, adopted unanimously.

The chairmain then stated that the executive committee provided for in the fourth resolution would be appointed without unnecessary delay, in order that the work so auspiciously started might be pushed forward with vigor.

Meeting adjourned.

In pursuance of the fourth Resolution, the following Executive Committee has been appointed:—

Col. W. W. Stewart.
Lt. Col. E. G. Fahnestock.
Major H. S. Benner.
Major Robert Bell.
Capt. Jacob H. Plank.
Capt. James Mickley.
Capt. Theo. C. Norris.
Capt. E. McGinley.
Capt. W. H. Brogunier.
Adjt. J. H. White.
Lieut. Jas. R. Hersh.
Lieut. George Wilson.
Lieut. Geo. W. Duttera.
Lieut. Samuel H. Eicholtz.

The Committee will meet in Gettysburg, at the Court-house, on Saturday, the 9th day of June inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. C. H. BUEHLER, Chairman.

TRYING TO FOOL THE SOLDIERS.

The Abolition disunionists in this State, seeing the hopelessness of their cause, under existing circumstances, are beating about terribly in search of something that will result in *benefit to their waning* condition. Their last dodge is a "Soldiers' Convention," which they have directed their fugleman, Gen. Hartranft, to call at Pittsburg, on the 5th of June. The call is very smoothly worded and is intended to make soldiers believe that they are to meet for the purpose of doing something that will inure to their benefit.—But some of the abolition disunion editors, less discreet than the managers, have "let the cat out of the bag," by telling us that this gathering is to be a *Geary* convention! What an *honest* set of fellows these disunionists are! They don't hesitate to try to cheat even the Soldiers—the men that they have professed so much love for during the last four or five years.

We trust that all soldies who fought for the preservation of the Union and who now stand by President Johnson in his endeavors to make this country again a Union of all the States, will stay away from this convention. Union men have no business there. The meeting is intended to make political capital for that grand humbug—John W. Geary. The idea undoubtedly is to revive something like a "Wide Awake" organization, something smacking of the "pomp and circumstance of war"—to delude the innocent, and make *tinsel* take the place of *argument*. Let no soldier allow himself to be caught in any such trap.—*Easton Sentinel.*

☞It is a remarkable fact that the Senators and Representatives of the extreme radical school, who have most bitterly denounced the President for pardoning Confederates, are among the foremost in recommending privately and by letter the exercise of Executive clemency in behalf of the very class which they blame the President for pardoning. It appears that ex-Senator Gwin was released from imprisonment solely on the recommendation of Senator Conness, who unqualifiedly endorses Gwin, and to-day the President pardoned Leon Smith, late Lieutenant in the Confederate navy, on recommendation of that uncompromising hater of Rebels, Senator Nye. The recommendation was also signed by Senators Henderson, Howard, Stewart, Chandler, Ramsey, Cragin, Yates, Poland, Edmunds, Nesmith, Johnson and McDougall. Henry A. Bragg, of Missouri, was also pardoned on recommendation of Senator Henderson and Representative Blow, of that State, the latter a member of the Reconstruction Committee.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Times.*

Rebellion in the Camp.—The Philadelphia Bulletin, (a Republican disunion paper) circulates a report to the effect, that Gen. J. K. Moorhead has been in Washington, conferring with President Johnson, as to the best means of defeating Geary for Governor. This will be a damaging movement for Geary, when we consider that Gen. M. was the most prominent candidate before the late Republican Convention, and was only prevented from securing the nomination for Governor by a combination of all the other factions against him. Hence, he may desire to have revenge.

☞Let it be noted that all the acts of the President most loudly complained of by the politicians, are in the direction of leaving power in the hands of the people, where it rightfully belongs. The President says "you must trust the people;" the Radicals say you must not.

☞The soldiers' ticket was defeated at the borough election held in Pottsville *on Monday a week by the Disunionists.* The soldier candidates were all Republicans. They received the united vote of the Democracy, but, although the Disunion majority was cut down, none of them succeeded in being elected.

☞Probably the first criminal prosecution and conviction, in this country, of a person employed by a railroad company for negligence resulting in disaster, took place in Newark during the last week.—The accused was Edward O'Brien, a switch-tender on the New Jersey Railroad, who left a switch misplaced, and a train of cars were thrown from the track, causing the death of two persons. He was tried for manslaughter and found guilty, but recommended to mercy.

☞Thad Stevens, who is now so bitter against "rebels," was, not many years since, equally bitter against Freemasons. At one time he was as demonically determined on the annihilation of the Masonic order as he is at present to wipe out the Southern people. He then struck as furiously at the Masonic Temple as he is now striking at the Temple of Liberty. He failed in pulling down the superstructure of Masonry, and he will fail of making a wreck of the Union.

☞The *Journal* still attempts to make its friends abroad believe that Hiester Clymer is not strong at home, by showing that when he ran for the Senate in 1861, he fell sixteen votes behind Judge Schall, who ran upon the same ticket of that year. Really, how these drowning Negro worshippers catch at straws!—*Reading Gaz.*

☞Hon. George E. Badger died at Raleigh, N. C., on the 11th. Mr. Badger was not only a prominent man in his State, but also in the Union. He was a Senator from North Carolina for some years, and pursued a highly conservative course.

☞A special to the Chicago Evening Journal, from Detroit, says three children died there on Saturday from a disease supposed to be Asiatic cholera. The children belonged to an emigrant party, just arrived on the Great Western Railroad.

☞On Saturday week, the people of the new city of Renovo held their first charter election, and after a spirited contest, the whole Democratic ticket was elected by handsome majorities, except one overseer of the poor.

Boston, May 25.—In the Superior Court, to-day, in the case of James Mulcheary vs. Dr. Henry J. Bowditch, for damages for illegally branding the plaintiff with the letter "D" (Deserter) while examining surgeon in the Provost Marshal's office, the jury returned a verdict of $1,000 for the plaintiff.

☞The Episcopal church at Hagerstown was entirely consumed by fire on the 21st ult. The organ only was saved. Loss $5,600.

☞Secretary Stanton has directed Paymaster Brice to arrest and immediately put on trial all the Paymasters in connection with the recent bank failure in Washington.

☞Five hundred dollars in gold was paid in San Francisco for the first choice of seats on the occasion of the first appearance of Edwin Forrest.

Special Notice Column.

A Single Box of Brandreth's Pills

Contains more vegetable extractive matter than twenty boxes of any pills in the world besides; fifty-five hundred physicians use them in their practice to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their value is yet scarcely appreciated. When they are better known, sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. Let those who know them speak right out in their favor. It is a duty which will save life.

Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, and it is as dangerous as it is prevalent; but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable antidote. Be efficient protection. By their occasional use we prevent the collection of those impurities which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the body's health. They soon cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Head, Heartburn, Pain in the Breast-bone, Sudden Faintness and Costiveness. Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines.

May 21, '66. 1m

Cholera, Diarrhœa, and Dysentery!

A cure is warranted by DR. TOBIAS' celebrated VENETIAN LINIMENT, if used when first taken by persons of temperate habits. This medicine has been known in the United States over 20 years. Thousands have used it, and found it never failed to cure any complaint for which it was recommended, and all those who first tried it, are now never without it. In the Cholera of 1848, Dr. Tobias attended 19 cases and lost 4, being called in too late to do any good.

DIRECTIONS.—Take a teaspoonful in a wine-glass of water every half hour for two hours, and rub the abdomen and extremities well with the Liniment. To allay the thirst, take a lump of ice in the mouth, about the size of a marble every ten minutes. It is warranted perfectly innocent to take internally. Sold by all druggists, price 40 and 80 cents. Depot, 56 Courtland St., New York.

Dead Heads,

Or, in other words, heads whose once glorious locks have WITHERED AND WHITENED, can in a few moments be re-clothed with all their YOUTHFUL ATTRACTIONS, by a single application of that wonderful talisman,

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.

Grizzled whiskers and moustaches, ladies' curls into which the snow of age has prematurely drifted, and red, sandy, or whitey-brown hair, receive, as if by magic, the rarest shades of black or brown from this harmless botanical hair darkener.—Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [May 21, '66. 1m

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord on Earl boislere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garan cière & Dupont, No. 211 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by sedentary modes of living, excesses, or abuse.

R. A. BEAUREPAIRE, M. D.
G. D. DUJARDIN, M. D.
JEAN LE LEUCHRE, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1863."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per Box, or six Boxes for Five Dollars.

GARANCIÈRE & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 211 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorised Agent, will insure a box by return mail, securely sealed from all observation; six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,
OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortland st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets, containing full particulars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes.—Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years' of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1854: The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head.

Burr & Perry, Boston; Read, Ainston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lamson & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmund & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. B. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; Hessen & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Close & Co., New York; Bush & Gale, New York. ☞For sale by all Druggists.—Try it. [Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

Are the most perfect purgative which we are able to produce or which we think has ever yet been made by anybody. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the ordinary medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure.—Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow disemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and, being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that, our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body, or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

May 7, 1866. 2m

Terrible Disclosures.

SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!—A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 400 pages, and 30 colored Engravings. DR. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges that ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division St., New York. [Sept. 25. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful Indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers st., New York.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Eye and Ear!

PROF. J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, is located at No. 519 PINE Street, PHILADELPHIA, where persons afflicted with diseases of the EYE or EAR, will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. N. B.—ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charges made for examinations. The medical faculty is invited, as he has no secret in his mode of treatment. [July 17, 1865. 1y

Subject to Diarrhœa.

You could not well be subject to a much more inconvenient complaint, to say nothing of the danger of its running into dysentery or something still more fatal. Many think a diarrhœa of little consequence. It is a grave mistake. No amount of latent health and vigor can long withstand a constantly loose discharge from the bowels, and the stomach soon exhibits very plainly its sympathy with the disorder.—Fortunately, though, there is always a remedy at hand, and a very inexpensive one, too, in Radway's Ready Relief. No matter how alarming the diarrhœa—no matter if you have an attack even of cholera morbus, a teaspoonful or so of the Ready Relief, taken every hour in a wineglass of sweetened water until ease is procured, will be sure to place you on the road to a rapid recovery. A bottle of Radway's Ready Relief, costing 50 cents, is worth more than five dollars' worth of prescriptions from the ablest physician, if your object be to get rid of your diarrhœa altogether and not merely to temporarily suspend its operation.—Besides this, you will have Ready Relief enough left to cure you of a bilious colic should such an ailment overtake you; or a nervous headache, or hysterics, cramps, vomiting, pain in the bowels, and so on. Could anything be more useful and at the same time more economical? Radway's Ready Relief is, in short, quite a family medicine-chest in itself, and prepared as it is of such choice materials, imported from distant parts of the globe, it is really surprising, in this age of high prices, how it can be sold for so comparatively small a sum; and then its good effects are so immediate! If you have an attack for instance, be you sure that Radway's Ready Relief will promptly be its master.

Sold by druggists.

N. B.—DIARRHŒA IN THE ARMY.
HEADQ'RS., 1st CAL. REG'T, CAMP YATES, S. I.,
June 6th, 1861.

Dr. Radway & Co., 29 John Street, N. Y.:

Forty men in my Company, (Co., I, Ithaca Volunteers), on the 5th day of June, 1861, were seized with severe attacks of Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and other complaints of the bowels, and were rendered incapacitated for duty. I distributed among them Radway's Ready Relief, and requested each man to take it in accordance with the directions. Its remedial effects were immediate, and the majority of my men reported sick and unable to perform duty in the morning, were present and performed their duty in the afternoon. I consider the addition of Radway's Ready Relief to the medicine stores of our regiment to be of the greatest importance to our troops.

JOHN WHITLOCK, Captain,
Co. I, 33d Reg't. N. Y. S. V., and 1st Cal. Reg't.

RADWAY & Co.,
May 28, '66. 2w 87 Maiden lane, N. Y.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.—These Drops are a scientifically

A GRAND FAIR

WILL be held in St. Vincent's Hall, EMMITSBURG, Md., commencing JUNE 25th, and continuing during the week—the object to provide funds for repairing and beautifying St. Joseph's Church, Emmitsburg. A great variety of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be offered for sale and raffle. Dinner, Supper and Refreshments every day during the Fair, for the convenience of visitors. The patrons and friends of the church are respectfully requested to attend.

THE LADY MANAGERS.

June 4, 1866. td

For Rent.

MY STORE ROOM AND CELLAR, in New Chester, Adams county, the property formerly known as the Myers stand.

I would also sell my stock of GOODS at a great bargain. Possession given at once.

W. T. HOFFMAN.

June 4, 1866. 3t

Buggies and Carriages.

THIS WAY! THIS WAY!—The undersigned is engaged in the Carriage-making business, at the corner of Chambersburg and West streets, Gettysburg, and invites all who may need anything in his line to give him a call. He puts up, in the very best manner, Falling-top and other BUGGIES, and all the different styles of CARRIAGES. With a full knowledge of the business, and a determination to give satisfaction, the public can rely upon his jobs being good. He will endeavor to serve a large share of patronage, and hopes to receive it.

REPAIRING done at the shortest notice, and on most reasonable terms. ☞Country produce will be taken in exchange for work.

CHARLES E. GILBERT.

Gettysburg, June 4, 1866. tf

Notice of Inquest.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the heirs and legal representatives of PETER BAKER, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, deceased, viz: Savilla Baker, widow, and the following children—John Baker, Peter Baker, Andrew Baker and Jacob Baker, residing in Adams county, Pa.; Susan, intermarried with Daniel Baldwin, of Mont Alto, Franklin county, Pa.; Elizabeth, intermarried with James Grimes, of Franklin county, Pa.; Maria, intermarried with Peter Hosler, of Ashland county, Ohio; Silvy, intermarried with Abram Garder, of Franklin county, Pa.; Dailey, intermarried with Josiah Carbaugh, of Franklin county, Pa.; and Catharine, intermarried with Abram Stahle, of Franklin county, Pa.—that an INQUEST will be held on the following property, left by said decedent, viz: A Tract of Land, situate in said Hamiltonban township, adjoining lands of Lazarus Baker, Walter Wagamas, George Douse, Henry Caufman, John Caufman and Leonard Caufman, containing 200 acres, more or less, improved—on SATURDAY, the 30th day of JUNE, 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, to make partition or valuation of the premises aforesaid, to and amongst the legal representatives of said decedent, in such manner and in such proportions as, by the laws of this Commonwealth, is directed, if such partition can be made without prejudice to or spoiling the whole; but if such partition cannot be made thereof, then to value and appraise the same.

ADAM REBERT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, June 4, 1866. td

Cannon's

MARBLE WORKS,

On Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

June 4, 1865. tf

School & Bounty Taxes.

THE School Directors of Franklin township hereby give notice that to all School and Bounty Taxes, in said township, not paid by the 1st of July next, FIVE PER CENT. will be added. They further give notice that on all Bounty Subscriptions outstanding on said 1st day of July, interest will be charged from date of subscribing. By order of the Board,

SAMUEL BUCHER, Pres't.

JACOB DEARDORFF, Sec'y.

May 28, 1866. td

To All Book Buyers.

JAS. K. SIMON, 38 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia, IS AGENT FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE BOOKS:

APPLETON'S NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA—26 Vols.
" HISTORY OF THE REBELLION—1 large Vol.
" DICTIONARY OF MECHANICS—2 Vols.
REBELLION RECORD, BY FRANK MOORE —9 Vols.
WASHINGTON IRVING'S WORKS—22 Vols.
COOPER'S NOVELS, DICKENS' WORKS.
MERIVALE & GIBBON'S ROME.
MACAULEY'S WORKS.
URE'S DICTIONARY OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES.
BANCROFT'S UNITED STATES—8 Vols. &c.

I furnish all Books published, for public and private Libraries, at wholesale prices.—Send a list of any Books wanted, with a stamp, for prices, which will be sent by return mail.

May 28, 1866. 1m

Soluble Pacific Guano.

200 LBS. SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO contains 70 lbs. *animal matter*, yielding 7 to 8 lbs. *ammonia*.

Also 80 to 90 lbs. *earthy bone Phosphate of lime*, 30 lbs. of which are *soluble phosphate*.

It combines all the advantages of the *best brands* of Super Phosphate, with those of Peruvian Guano.

By reason of its greater *concentration*, we recommend 20 per ct. less by weight to be used per acre, than of any fertilizer costing the same per ton; and no more per acre than of those selling at 20 per ct. more per ton.—Hence *its economy*.

This guano weighs 65 lbs. per bushel, hence in applying it farmers must be governed by weight and not by bulk, for it is much lighter than the Super Phosphates. *Every cargo duly inspected.*

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,
71 *South Street, Baltimore.*

"Flour of Bone."

WE will give a *money* guarantee of the *purity* of this article. It is pure *unsteamed, unburnt bone*, reduced to the *fineness* of *flour*, which adds 100 per ct. to its value. It is as *quick* and *active* as acid *dissolved bone*, hence its value is vastly greater, because it contains neither acid nor water, which necessarily add weight, and reduce the quantity of valuable elements. We recommend 250 lbs. to be used in place of 300 lbs. Super Phosphate or dissolved bone.

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,
71 *South Street, Baltimore*
☞McCurdy & Diehl, Agents, Gettysburg.
Mar. 12, 1866. 8m

Lawrence D. Dietz & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,
No. 308 *West Baltimore Street*,
Between Howard & Liberty Streets,
1866. Baltimore, Md.

Coal and Lumber,

OF every variety, at the Yard of
C. H. BUEHLER,
Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. Its premiums are low, and it *pays losses promptly*.

TYSON'S Excelsior Skylight Gallery is the place to go if you wish Pictures at low prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the original TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It is the oldest, largest, and safest accident insurance company in the country.

ALL kinds of PICTURES, large and small, neatly and correctly copied at the Excelsior.

I. G. TYSON.

CANDIDATES.

☞Our charge for announcing candidates, until the Convention, is three dollars, CASH IN ADVANCE.

Communications recommending candidates, ten cents a line, one insertion—also in advance.

For Sheriff.

URGED by many *friends*, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF, subject of the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated I will spare no honorable efforts to secure my election, and if elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the *best of my ability*. HENRY BEITLER.

Mcunjoy tp., April 23, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends in various parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic *County Convention*. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JOSEPH WOLF.

Butler tp., April 23, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends *throughout the county*, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JACOB KLUNK.

Germany tp., April 9, 1866. tc

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be *nominated and elected, I pledge myself to* discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. PHILIP HANN.

Straban tp., April 9, 1866. tc

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, the undersigned, (residing in Gettysburg since *April 1st, but formerly and for many years a* resident of Conowago township,) offers himself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. EMANUEL D. KELLER.

April 16, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JOSEPH A. ORENDORFF.

Mountjoy tp., April 16, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.—Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office. REUBEN GOLDEN.

Cumberland tp., April 16, 1866. tc

For Clerk of the Courts.

ENCOURAGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of CLERK OF THE COURTS, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

JAMES J. FINK.

Gettysburg, May 7, 1866. tc

AT the earnest solicitation of some of my friends, I offer myself as a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office correctly and with satisfaction to the public.

CORNELIUS DOUGHERTY.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for CLERK OF THE COURTS at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise a correct and faithful performance of the duties of the office.

ADAM W. MINTER.

Franklin tp., May 21, 1866. tc

For Register & Recorder.

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. I served as Lieutenant in the 165th Regiment, P. V., under Capt. Jacob E. Miller.

WM. C. BECK.

Reading tp., May 28, 1866. tc

HAVING been disabled in one arm by a bullet wound whilst serving in the 87th P. V., I have been frequently solicited to offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER—which I now do, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I flatter myself that I will be able to discharge the duties of the office correctly and to the *satisfaction of the public*.

WM. D. HOLTZWORTH.

Gettysburg, May 14, 1866. tc

SOLICITED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the *Democratic County Convention*. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and correctly.

ISAAC MYERS.

Butler tp., May 28, 1866. tc

Dr. C. E. Goldsborough,

HAMPTON, Adams county, Pa., renews his offer of professional services to the public, and those requiring medical and surgical aid will find it to their interest to consult him. [May 21, 1866. tf

New Chester Hotel.

THE undersigned has purchased the old Taughinbaugh Hotel property, in New Chester, Adams county, Pa., and re-opened the house for the accommodation of Travellers, Pedlers, Drovers, and all others. His Table will have everything in season, and his Bar the choicest wines an liquors. His Chambers are large and airy. Good Stabling is attached to the Hotel. He asks a share of public patronage, and will do his best to deserve it.

JOSEPH TODT.

May 21, 1866.

$90 A Month!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me. [May 21, 866. isly

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougles, *instruments, rings, or cordials*, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. S. C. KLINE & Co.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.
April 23, 1866. 1y

Smoking Tobaccos.

SOMETHING NICE!

WM. H. BROGUNIER,
at McSherrystown, Adams county, Pa.,

Manufactures two different grades of SMOKING TOBACCO, which cannot be beat. They are mild and pleasant, all the poisonous taste being extracted, and yet the flavor is fully preserved. Smokers, give them a trial, and you will be pleased.

Orders from a distance solicited.
Feb. 26, 1866. tf

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds. A large lot of

POTOMAC HERRING,

at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place.

PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—

MISHLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

May 28, 1866.

The Very Latest!

JACOBS & BROTHER,
MERCHANT TAILORS.
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Just received from the city a splendid assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description. Suits made to order in the most fashionable and substantial manner. All work guaranteed to fit or no sale. Customers cannot fail to be pleased. Give us a call.

☞P. S.—We are agents for the celebrated SINGER SEWING MACHINE, and always have the machines on hand and for sale. We can recommend them as being the best machines in use. JACOBS & BRO.

May 28, 1866.

Removal

OF BOTH OUR SHOPS TO CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

OPEN TO-DAY, MAY 17, 1866.

We take special pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that we have this day opened our ICE CREAM SALOONS, at our new stand in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. We have had the apartments fitted up in the best style.—Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call.

We will also furnish Ice Cream in any quantity to public or private parties, at prices unprecedented. We will also have confectionary on hand Fresh Cakes, which we will furnish to all parties and pic-nics at the shortest notice.

MEAD AND MINERAL WATER

can always be had icy and cool and at all hours.

Having had a life-long experience in the manufacture of all the foregoing articles we ask the patronage of the public generally.

May 21, 1866. tf MINNIGH & BRO.

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.

May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain *travellers and the public generally*. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

JOHN M. REILING,

IN CARLISLE STREET, west side, a few doors from the Public Square, Gettysburg, has laid in an excellent assortment of Shoes, Gaiters, &c., for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

which he is offering at the very lowest profits. Having bought for cash, at the latest reduction, he is prepared to offer great bargains.

Boot and Shoe manufacturing carried on at the same place, and the best kind of work made. JOHN M. REILING.

May 14, 1866. tf

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

Notice.

ABRAHAM KRISE'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Abraham Krise, late of Liberty township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. ANNA KRISE,

May 28, 1866. 6t Executrix.

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars *sent free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1sly

Bitter Wine of Iron.

AN exquisite impregnation of dry Spanish Wine with the activity of CALISAYA BARK, and the most energetic of all the ferruginous salts, CITRATE OF MAGNETIC OXIDE OF IRON. It has a vinous flavor, very grateful to the palate, is without chalybeate taste and will not discolor the teeth.

It excites languid appetite, gives zest to food, improves digestion, increases the strength, steadies the circulation, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, gives firmness and precision to the actions of the nervous system, with power to endure fatigue and resist disease.

MAGNETIC CITRATE OF IRON is new and peculiar, differing from the ordinary Soluble Citrate, in containing an equivalent of Protoxide of Iron, in place of the Ammonia. It is neutral, tasteless, without astringency, as prompt and energetic as the Chloride, and unlike that, induces no local inflammatory action or headache.

CALISAYA BARK is pre-eminent among vegetable tonics, has no equal as a strengthener or restorative, nor rival as an anti-periodic.

Retails in $1 & $2 bottles, Quarts & Gallons for dispensing.

O. S. HUBBELL, Apothecary,
1410 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

May 28, 1866. 1m

Disabled Men, Attention!

WANTED, one or two men, in Gettysburg and vicinity, who have lost either an arm or leg, to sell WADSWORTH'S WATER PROOF ARNICA HEALING PLASTER, the best and cheapest Court Plaster in the market. From $5 to $10 per day can be made. Address with 25 cents for sample and full information, A. F. BELCHER, Box 45, Philadelphia, Pa. N. B.—All Agents and peddlers would find it to their interest to answer the above.

April 16, 1866. 3m

6000 Agents

WANTED, to sell SIX NEW INVENTIONS, of great value to families; all pay great profits. Send 15 cents and get 80 pages, or 25 cents and get 80 pages and a sample gratis.

EPHRAIM BROWN, Lowell, Mass.

May 28, 1866. 1m

MOWERS & REAPERS.

THE undersigned is still Agent for the sale of MOWING AND REAPING MACHINES—both combined and single Mowers.

These machines can be used as Self-Rakers or Hand Rakers, as farmers may wish. They are made with *two* cutter bars, one for cutting grain with sickle knife—cutting five feet nine inches wide—and extra bar, with two knives, for grass,—cutting four feet six inches wide, having iron or wooden frames as desired.—They have two driving wheels and flexible finger bar.

The company building these machines have secured by lease and purchase, the control of all the desirable and standard patents now in use, among which are the

OHIO AND BUCKEYE PATENTS,

to which we direct special attention. In compactness, lightness of draft, excellence of workmanship and finish, combined with great strength and adaptation to all kinds of work, they will compete with, and we believe, surpass, any other machine now offered to the public.

Farmers would do well to examine these *machines before purchasing any other.* They will be sold as cheap as any other first-class machine now manufactured, and we warrant them to give entire satisfaction or no sale.

☞Extras always kept on hand. Specimen machines can be seen by calling on the Agent, residing on the Harrisburg road, two miles north-east of Gettysburg.

WILLIAM WIBLE, Agent.

April 23, 1866.

NEW GOODS!

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS now on hand a very large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, mostly of his own manufacturing and well made, embracing every size and price.

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

well selected and very handsome styles, all of which will be sold very cheap, *for cash* Call and see them. GEORGE ARNOLD.

May 7, 1866. 3m

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c.; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1866.

Reduction in Price

OF THE

AMERICAN WATCHES,

MADE AT WALTHAM, MASS,

In consequence of the recent great decline in gold and silver and all the materials used in the manufacture of our goods, and in anticipation of a still further decline, we have reduced our prices to as low a point as they can be placed

WITH GOLD AT PAR,

so that no one need hesitate to buy a watch now from the expectation that it will be cheaper at some future time. The test of ten years and the manufacture and sale of

MORE THAN 200,000 WATCHES,

have given our productions the very highest rank among time-keepers. Commencing with the determination to make only thoroughly excellent watches, our business has steadily increased as the public became acquainted with their value, until for months together, we have been unable to supply the demand. We have repeatedly enlarged our factory buildings until they now cover over three acres of ground and give accommodation to more than eight hundred workmen.

We are fully justified in stating that we now make MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ALL THE WATCHES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES. The different grades are distinguished by the following trade marks engraved on the plate:

1. "American Watch Co.," Waltham, Mass.
2. "Appleton, Tracy, & Co.," " "
3. "P. S. Bartlett," " "
4. "Wm. Ellery."
5. OUR LADIES' WATCH of first quality is named "Appleton, Tracy & Co." Waltham, Mass.
7. Our next quality of Ladies' Watch is named "P. S. Bartlett," Waltham, Mass. These watches are furnished in a great variety of sizes and styles of cases.

The American Watch Co., of Waltham, Mass., authorize us to state that without distinction of trade marks or price,

ALL THE PRODUCTS OF THEIR FACTORY ARE FULLY WARRANTED

to be the best time-keepers of their class ever made in this or any other country. Buyers should remember that unlike the guarantee of a foreign maker who can never be reached, this warrantee is good at all times against the Company or their agents, and that if after the most thorough trial, any watch should prove defective in any particular, it may always be exchanged for another. As the American Watches made at Waltham, are for sale by dealers generally throughout the country, we do not solicit orders for single watches.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeits will be prosecuted.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
182 Broadway, N. Y.

May 21, 1866. 1m

Tax Notice.

THE Cumberland township Bounty Tax Duplicates are in the hands of the Collectors for collection. All persons are requested to make immediate payment.

By order of the Board,

ABRAHAM PLANK, Pres't.

N. LIGHTNER, Sec'y. [May 7. 2m

Philip Redding,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will be at his office, (at his residence,) in Cumberland township, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, to give his attention to Justice's business. [April 30, 1866. 4m

Reduced Prices.

PIANOS, CABINET AND AMERICAN ORGANS. Superior tuned 7 octave PIANOS from $350 upwards. ORGANS from $80 upwards. All instruments selected, recommended and sold by me, additionally guaranteed. Illustrated circulars sent by mail, when desired. P. BENTZ,

No. 36 East Market Street, York, Pa.

Mar. 12, 1866.

Notice.

GEORGE LAWRENCE'S ESTATE.—*Letters* testamentary on the estate of George Lawrence, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make *immediate payment*, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. LEVI LAWRENCE,

May 21, 1866. 6t* Executor.

Who? Who? Who?

OUR NEXT GOVERNOR! We have a correct and striking photograph of *the next* Governor of Pennsylvania, which we will send by mail for 25 cents. If we *mistake the man*, the money will be refunded immediately after election next October. Is it Geary or Clymer? Write and see. Address

BARTLESON & CO., 511 CHESTNUT St.,
May 7. 2m Philadelphia.

DR. HORNER'S FRAGRANT MYRRH preserves the Teeth, cures all diseases of the gums and purifies the breath.

THE HUBBARD.

THE undersigned are agents for the sale of Hubbard's celebrated Mowers and Reapers, both combined and single Mowers and Self-Rakers. Farmers would do well to examine our specimen machines before purchasing any other. We warrant satisfaction or no sale. The advantages of the Hubbard as a Mower, are its light draft, great strength, simplicity and durability, freedom from all side draft, no weight on the horses' necks, and is easy work for two small horses. The main features and advantages of the Hubbard as a Mower are retained in the Reaper, and can be changed from a Mower to a Reaper by changing three bolts and two shoe pins. The raker, *with one easy natural motion, brings* the grain towards him and deposits it in a compact sheaf in the rear of the machine, leaving ample room for the machine to pass next time around. The Self-Rake has no equal; it is a reel and a rake combined. The driver by use of a lever regulates the size of the bundle, and it can be worked in all kinds of grain from the shortest oats to the tallest rye; is very simple in construction, and less liable to get out of repair than any other Rake. They are made with two cutter bars, one for cutting grain with sickle knife, cutting five feet nine inches wide, and an extra bar, with two knives, for grass, cutting four feet eight inches wide. Extras always kept on hand. Specimen machines can be seen by calling on the agents, residing near Gulden's Station. Post-office address, Granite Hill, Pa.

☞Also Pratt & Smedley's Patent Horse Rakes on hand, built by Geo. W. Brant & Co., Columbia, Pa.

HENRY THOMAS & SON, Agents.

May 14, 1866.

NORRIS STILL AHEAD!

1866. JUST FROM THE CITY! Norris has just returned from the City with the finest and cheapest lot of ready made clothing ever offered in Gettysburg.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE! Next door to Buehler's Drug store, where you will find the largest and best selection of HATS and CAPS in Gettysburg.

JE-RU-SA-LEM!—What nice Pants and Vests Norris has at his new Store. He beats 'em all.

HIGH PRICES PLAYED OUT!—Norris sells Gloves as cheap as they were before the war.

AND THE COLORED TROOPS FOUGHT NOBLY!—If you don't believe it just go to Norris' New Store and he will convince you that "Woolen" Goods are cheaper than they have been since the war.

COME IN OUT OF THE WET!—Norris has Umbrellas so cheap that it is cheaper to keep dry than run around in the rain.

NECKTIES, BUTTERFLIES and everything in that line at NORRIS'S.

LOCKWOOD, LINEN LINED!—Paper Collars and Linen Collars of all kinds and sizes at NORRIS'S.

KEEP TIME!—Fine assortment of Clocks and warranted to keep time at NORRIS'S.

VALISES, TRUNKS, and Carpet Bags, of every description at NORRIS'S.

SARATOGA!—Norris keeps the latest Saratoga Hats.

ON THE ROAD TO BRIGHTON!—The latest Brighton Hats at NORRIS'S.

THE LATEST RESORTE!—Norris has the latest Resorte Hats and the best quality in the market.

YOUNG DRIVING BOYS!—Don't forget that Norris has the latest Driving Hats out.

May 7, 1866.

18 PICKING'S 66.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"GE-WIL-LE-KINS!" WHAT A LARGE Stock of Cheap Clothing at PICKING'S.

PLAYED OUT! THE HIGH PRICES.—Call and be satisfied by pricing Clothing at PICKING'S.

IT CAN'T BE DENIED, THAT PICKING has the largest assortment of Coats, Pants and Vests, in the county.

TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, in endless variety, cheap at PICKING'S.

IT IS EVEN SO! A large stock of Overshirts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, White and Calico shirts, cheap at PICKING'S.

NICE! NICER!! NICEST!!! All kinds of Sunday and every-day suits cheap at PICKING'S.

GENTEEL! GENTEELER!! GENTEELEST!!! Black Cloth Frock, and Sack Coats; also all kinds of Cassimere, Duck, Cotton and Linen Coats. Call at PICKING'S.

IT IS INDEED ASTONISHING, what a large and cheap assortment of Pants can be had at PICKING'S.

KEEP TIME! Fine assortment of Clocks cheap at PICKING'S.

NO USE TALKING, but come right along and price Clothing, Notions, &c., at PICKING'S.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Violins, Accordions, Flutes and Fifes, to be had at PICKING'S.

ARE YOU IN? For a cheap suit. Then call at PICKING'S.

GREENBACKS, or any other kind of good money, taken in exchange for Coats, Pants, Vests, &c., at PICKING'S.

THE GREAT SENSATION of the day—Picking's Clothing Store.

CHEAP, CHEAPER, CHEAPEST—Picking's Spring and Summer Clothing.

GO AND SEE Picking's Cheap Clothing.

STOP A MOMENT!—What's the hurry? I want to get a suit at PICKING'S.

MOTHER EARTH is putting on a new suit. Let all the people go to Picking's and do likewise. [April 23, 1866.]

Tin Ware and Stoves.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues the business of making

ALL KINDS OF GOOD TIN WARE,

at the old stand, (formerly Andrew Polley's,) in York street, Gettysburg, where he has the largest assortment of tin ware in the county, with many other articles for kitchen use, &c.

Also, COOKING STOVES & NINE-PLATE STOVES, of the very best kinds.

S. G. COOK.

Mar. 12, 1865. 3m

Great Reduction in Prices.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

are now selling

GOOD CALICOES AT 12½ CENTS,

BEST UNBLEACHED MUSLIN AT 28 CTS., and all other Goods in proportion.

If you want CHEAP Goods, now is the time to buy them.

Call at once.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Gettysburg, Mar. 26, 1866.

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—Several HOUSES can be purchased at Private Sale by calling on FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Dec. 15, 1866. tf

CLOCKS.

Now on hand CLOCKS in great variety, from factories of the highest reputation in the country, and warranted good time-keepers. Call on J. BEVAN,

Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

PRICES REDUCED to suit the times at the Excelsior Skylight Gallery.

I. G. TYSON.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It insures against *all kinds of accidents*, and its benefits are received by all classes of men.

SAGO, Arrow Root, Corn Starch, Rice-flour and Gelatin, for sale at Dr HORNER'S Drug Store.

List of Merchants

WITHIN the County of Adams, returned and classified by the undersigned, Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes, in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly, for the year 1866-67, of Goods, Wares and Merchandise:

Borough of Gettysburg.

	Class.	Dolls.	Cts.
Fahnestock Brothers	6	50	00
Danner & Ziegler,	12	12	50
J. L. Schick,	9	25	00
George Arnold,	13	10	00
Jacob Brinkerhoff,	13	10	00
Row & Woods,	14	7	00
F. B. Picking,	13	10	00
E. Minnigh,	13	10	00
John Forney,	14	7	00
Mrs. Martin,	14	7	00
Strickhouser & Wisotzkey,	13	10	00
Michael Spangler,	10	20	00
Miss H. McCreary,	14	7	00
S. S. McCreary,	14	7	00
A. D. Buehler,	11	15	00
Cobean & Crawford,	12	10	00
Jacobs & Brother,	14	7	00
Miss Mary McAllister,	14	7	00
Dr. Robert Horner,	14	7	00
John Gruel,	14	7	00
A. Scott & Son,	13	10	00
Joseph Gillespie,	13	10	00
James Grimes,	13	10	00
Boyer & Son,	12	12	50
Joseph Bevan,	14	7	00
Henry Overdeer,	13	10	00
Theo. Norris,	13	10	00
Philip Winter,	14	7	00
Lewis Strouse,	14	7	00
Wm. J. Martin,	12	12	50
Bittle & Benner,	8	20	00
McCurdy & Diehl,	8	20	00
C. H. Buehler,	10	20	00
Culp & Earnshaw,	10	20	00
A. Spangler,	8	20	00
John Rehling,	14	7	00
John M. Swan,	13	10	00
Frank D. Duphorn,	13	10	00
Miss Nott,	14	7	00
George Kalbfleisch,	14	7	00
A. R. Feistel,	14	7	00
Wm. & Henry Meals,	14	7	00
John Warner,	14	7	00
Mrs. H. M. Paxton,	14	7	00
James Pierce,	14	7	00
John Culp,	14	7	00
W. T. King,	14	7	00
Geo. H. Swope,	14	7	00
S. G. Cook,	14	7	00
H. H. Rowe,	14	7	00
D. Culp,	14	7	00
Cumberland tp.			
E. Paxton Bigham,	14	7	00
Daniel Klingel,	14	7	00
Reading tp.			
Ephraim Howard,	14	7	00
Adam S. Myers,	14	7	00
J. & A. Howard,	14	7	00
Liberty tp.			
Samuel Martin,	14	7	00
Lewis Overholtzer,	14	7	00
Miller & Nunemaker,	11	7	00
Charles Buhrman,	14	7	00
Menallen tp.			
Eppley & Hoopes,	14	7	00
A. T. Wright,	14	7	00
Jacob Pitzer & Son,	13	10	00
C. D. Elden,	14	7	00
H. S. Pennell,	14	7	
Wm. A. Elden,	14	7	
Burkholder & Hoffman,	14	7	
Butler tp.			
Shank & Bro.	14	7	
Noah Miller,	14	7	
Wm. Miller,	14	7	
Edward Staley,	14	7	
Miss Eliza Smith,	14	7	
Jacob Eppleman,	14	7	
Huntington tp.			
J. J. Diehl,	14	7	
George Gross,	14	7	
E. Heltshew,	20	20	
J. Frank Gardner,	10	20	
Gardner & Bro.,	10	20	
Mrs. Grist,	14	7	
Abraham Grove,	14	7	
Mountjoy tp.			
John Yost,	14	7	
James Collins,	14	7	
Sarah Haus,	14	7

Various Matters.

"Stoops to Conquer."—We are credibly informed that Gen. Geary, the Rump favorite for Governor, stops every man, woman and child wherever he meets them, and solicits their votes and influence in his favor. A day or two since he met one of our intelligent Democratic mechanics, and said, "Billy, of course you will vote for me. You know I am a *Democrat* as you are!" "Yes," said our honest friend, "that *may* be, but if so, General, you are in very bad company, and you must not expect much quarter from me, or men of my way of thinking."—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

☞ Let every man who buys a pound of sugar, a quart of molasses, a yard of muslin, or calico, remember that these articles might be sold for half the present price if the disunionists and revolutionists of the Rump Congress would sustain the President in his peaceful and constitutional policy. It is the policy of Stevens & Co. *to keep up* disunion and revolution; thus preventing capital and labor in the south from producing these great staples of Northern commerce. Johnson's policy would cause their reproduction and reduce the price in the North at least fifty per cent. He, therefore, who sustains disunion, not only puts money from his own pocket but luxuries and even articles of necessity beyond the reach of his own family.

☞ The Radicals are meeting unexpected checks. The "sober second thought of the people" is bringing out a strong current of feeling against their revolutionary schemes. This feeling is strengthening every day, and by October it will be overwhelming. The name of Thaddeus Stevens will soon be as odious throughout the whole country as it was in Pennsylvania after the "Buckshot war." Those who adhere to him will share his odium, as all of his present followers who do not want to sink with him had better get out of his boat at once.

☞ While the war was going on and the Disunion Abolitionists were gathering fortunes to themselves out of the necessities of the Government, their cry to the Southern people was—"You *shall* come into the Union!" Now, since the cessation of war has stopped the plunder supplies, their cry has changed to—"You *shan't* come into the Union!" Ain't they a nice set of fellows to rule a free and intelligent people and make laws for them?

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers, Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Housings,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Scotch Collars (leather)
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	" " (tucking)
Wagon Saddles,	No Seam Collars,
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flt,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Martingals,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Heavy Draft Harness,	Plaited Team Whips,
Blind Bridles,	Trotting Whips,
Girths,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Crappers,	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets, &c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

CHOLERA PREVENTIVE!

I. X. 1866. I.

THE GREAT ZINGARI BITTERS.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered and introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Cheopsus, an eminent Egyptian physician.

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

The great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. Thus he was lead to think and experiment; and after ten years of study and labor, he presented to his fellow man the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvellous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it. His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopsus, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fevers.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it; Cholera, Diarrhoea, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anaemia, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Colic, Scrofula, &c.

Price, one dollar per quart bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street Wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotel-keepers & Grocers.

F. RATHER, Sole Proprietor.

☞ For sale by Wm. J. Martin, sole Agent for Gettysburg.

April 16, 1866. 1y

Schick Still Ahead!

NEW SPRING GOODS!

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

J. L. SCHICK

would respectfully say to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now receiving at his store a splendid

STOCK OF SPRING GOODS.

The stock consists in part of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, of every description.

SILKS, MOZAMBIQUE, CHALLIES, DELAINES, BOMBAZINES, ALPACCAS, LAWNS, CALICOES,

of all qualities and choicest styles, which will be sold at PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, including Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of RIBBONS, Laces and Edgings, Umbrellas and Parasols. My stock of WHITE GOODS will be found full and complete, and customers may rely upon always getting good goods at the lowest possible prices.

Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, of all qualities and choicest styles.

April 16, 1866. J. L. SCHICK.

New Goods! Large Stock!

MERCHANT TAILORING.

JACOBS & BRO.

have just received from the cities a large stock of goods for Gentlemen's wear, embracing a variety of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, Cassinets, Jeans, &c., with many other goods for spring and summer wear.

They are prepared to make up garments at the shortest notice, and in the very best manner. The Fashions are regularly received, and clothing made in any desired style. They always make neat fits, whilst their sewing is sure to be substantial.

They ask a continuance of the public's patronage, resolved by good work and moderate charges to earn it.

Gettysburg, April 7, 1862

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS, COACH FINDINGS

SHOE FINDINGS, CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS, HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES, ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER, DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

The Great Discovery

OF THE AGE.—Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism can be cured by using H. L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED RHEUMATIC MIXTURE. Many prominent citizens of this, and the adjoining counties, have testified to its great utility. Its success in Rheumatic affections, has been hitherto unparalleled by any specific, introduced to the public. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists and storekeepers. Prepared only by H. L. MILLER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Oils, Varnish, Spirits, Paints, Dye-stuffs, bottled Oils, Essences and Tinctures, Window Glass, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.

☞ A. D. Buehler is the Agent in Gettysburg for "H. L. Miller's Celebrated Rheumatic Mixture." [June 3, 1861. tf

Cemetery Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN, Keeper of the Cemetery.

March 12, '60.

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,

BOOK BINDER,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER, LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Proth'y of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING, 165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS and a SLEIGH for sale. JACOB TROXEL.

Dec. 7, 1863.

Notice.

JOHN HILBERT'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Hilbert, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Union township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JESSE HILBERT, Executor.

April 23, 1866. 6t*

Do You Wish

TO preserve a good likeness of yourself your children, or your friends? go at once to MUMPER'S GALLERY, the best place in the county to secure first class pictures.

Picture Frames.

A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES, with plain and convex glasses, for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

June 26, 1865.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gist, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,988—$6,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds, FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS, SALT, FISH, GROCERIES, &c., Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valices, Carpet-Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO.

have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call.

☞ Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.

June 19, 1865.

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS.
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. M. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞ Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS AND MELODIANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Couplet, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS

will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange. PETER BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa.

June 12, 1865. 1y

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Doersom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1865. tf

1866. Philadelphia 1866.

WALL PAPERS.

HOWELL & BOURKE, Manufacturers of PAPER HANGINGS and WINDOW SHADES, Corner FOURTH & MARKET Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Always in store, a large stock of LINEN & OIL SHADES.

March 5, 1866. 3m

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa. where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 3, 1860.

ATTRACTING ATTENTION.—The superior Pictures taken at MUMPER'S SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, on West Middle st., are attracting universal attention. Good judges pronounce them superior to any ever taken in this place. Call and examine for yourselves. Jan. 16. 1865.

PURE SILVER WARE and SILVER PLATED WARE of the very best quality, a new assortment just received. Call and see it. J. BEVAN, Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

GOLD, SILVER, STEEL, and other SPECTACLES, to suit all ages, always on hand, and fitted to sight. J. BEVAN, Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS, in great variety, at SCHICK'S.

TAKE NOTICE.

FARMERS AND DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS will please take notice that we have adopted the following Trade Mark to protect ourselves, and prevent those who use our RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE from being deceived when purchasing manures.

We have been obliged to give this protection to our customers, in consequence of several parties having unlawfully used our distinctive name, viz: "Raw Bone," in offering their article to the public. This Trade Mark is adopted in addition to the title "Raw Bone," which is our exclusive property, and we caution all manufacturers from using it in future. We would state to the trade and consumers, that they will find it to their interest to see that the "Trade Mark" is upon every bag and barrel they purchase, as none other is genuine.

BAUGH & SONS.

TRADE MARK

BAUGHS'

RAW BONE

Super Phosphate of Lime,

Manufactured by BAUGH & SONS, No. 20 South Delaware Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.

The great popularity of our article has been found sufficient inducement to certain imitators to manufacture and advertise "Raw Bone Phosphates," a name which originated with us, and is our own rightful property. We will state for the information of all, that we are the exclusive manufacturers of this article—the original and sole propretors of it—having been manufactured by us for a period of twelve years. Also that it is covered by several letters patent, held only by ourselves.

We are now ready to supply it in large quantities—having made recent additions and improvements. Vessels drawing 16 feet of water can load directly from the wharves of the works, which are located at the foot of Morris Street, Delaware River. We call the attention of DEALERS to this great advantage.

The present indications are that we shall have a greatly increased demand over last spring and fall seasons, and we advise Farmers to send in their orders to their respective Dealers at an early day, that all may be supplied promptly.

Soliciting your continued orders,

We remain,

Yours very truly,

BAUGH & SONS,

No. 20 S. Delaware Avenue, PHILADELPHIA.

Feb. 5, 1866. 9m

MORO PHILLIPS'

Genuine Improved

Super-Phosphate OF Lime.

STANDARD GUARANTEED.

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots, 27 *North Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa.* 95 *South Street, Baltimore, Md.* And by Dealers in general througout the Country.

The Material of which MORO PHILLIPS' PHOSPHATE is manufactured contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable. The ammonia present gives it great additional fertilizing value.

Five years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only active but lasting.

MORO PHILLIPS, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

☞ Price $56 per ton—2000 pounds. Discount to dealers.

Feb. 12, 1866. tf

Estey's Cottage Organs

ARE not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled*, by any other Reed Instrument in the country. Designed expressly for Churches and Schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room. For sale only by

E. M. BRUCE,

No 18 North Seventh St., Philadelphia.

☞ Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

Hanover B. Railroad.

TIME TABLE.—On and after Friday, Nov. 24th, 1865, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN, (which makes connection with three trains on the Northern Central Railway at the Junction,) will leave Hanover at 9.00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations.

☞ This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Hanover at 2.20 P. M., and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 5 P. M. Passengers by this Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg, and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 9 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

Dec. 18, 1865.

628. Hoop Skirts. 628.

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE," Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, No. 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia.—The most complete assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's HOOP SKIRTS, in this City; gotten up expressly to meet the WANTS OF FIRST-CLASS TRADE; embracing the newest and most desirable Styles and Sizes of "Gore Trails," of every length—from 2¾ to 4 yds. round—20 to 56 Springs, at $2 to $5 00. Plain Skirts, all lengths, from 2½ to 3 yards round the bottom, at $1 40 to $3 16.

Our line of Misses' and Children's SKIRTS, are proverbially beyond all competition, for variety of styles and sizes—as well as for finish and durability; varying from 8 to 33 inches in length, 6 to 45 Springs at 35 cents to $2 25. All Skirts of "OUR OWN MAKE," are Warranted to give satisfaction; but buy none as such, unless they have, "Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arch Street," Stamped on each Tab!

Also, constantly on hand, GOOD SKIRTS, Manufactured in New York, and the Eastern States, which we sell at very low Prices. A lot of cheap Skirts—15 springs, 85 cents; 20 springs, $1 00—25 springs, $1 15—30 springs, $1 25 and 40 springs $1 50.

☞ Skirts made to Order and Repaired.

☞ TERMS CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY!

March 5, 1866. 4m

Chewing Tobaccos!

WELSH, DELLONE & CO., at Hanover, Pa., continue the manufacture of the different kinds of CHEWING TOBACCOS, on a large scale. Their facilities for manufacturing are ample, and with the choicest Leaf, and best and most experienced workmen, they cannot fail to turn out Tobaccos of the most desirable and popular grades.

Orders from a distance solicited, and promptly attended to. The merchants of Adams county cannot do better than by buying from Welsh, Dellone & Co., at Hanover.

April 23, 1866.

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment. Also the BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction, sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has a *paid-up* capital of half a million, and a cash surplus of over a hundred thousand, to pay losses.

New Goods! Cheap Goods!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM IN HANOVER!—We hereby inform the citizens of York and Adams counties, that we have established, at the southeast corner of Centre Square and Baltimore street, HANOVER, formerly occupied by C. E. & T. T. Wirt, a Branch Store, (the principal business houses being located in New York and York, Pa.,) where we will keep at all times a regular assortment of Dry, Domestic and Fancy GOODS, also, a well selected assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, COTTINETS and CORDUROYS; China, Glass and Queens-ware, Ladies', Misses' and Children's SHOES; also, a nice and full assortment of all kinds of CARPET, Floor and Table Oil-cloth.

We have also established in rooms adjoining the Central Hotel, a CLOTHING STORE, where we will keep constantly on hand a well selected assortment of Ready-made Clothing, of the latest styles, and a full assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c., which we will sell at reduced prices.

As our motto is, and always will be, "quick sales and small profits," we hope to receive a share of the patronage of town and country. Our connection with the large wholesale houses in New York City and York, Pa., where are always stored an extensive stock of goods, which we sell at wholesale and retail, enables us to supply our old friends and such of our new customers as will give us a call, with the very best marketable goods, at lower rates than can be purchased anywhere in the State. Call and see for yourselves.

JOS. LEBACH & BRO.

Hanover, June 26, 1865. 1y

Notions & Confections.

A WORD TO THE PEOPLE OF TOWN AND COUNTRY.

THE subscriber keeps a Notion and Confectionary Store on Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Railroad Station, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand, CANDIES, NUTS, Figs, Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, &c., Tobaccos and Segars of all kinds; Pocket-Books, Suspenders, Neck Ties, Collars, &c.; Soaps and Perfumeries; also some GROCERIES, Sugars, Coffees, Rice, with the different kinds of Crackers. Ice-cold MEAD at all times. He invites custom from town and country, and sells at small profits.

LEWIS STROUSE.

Aug. 7, 1865. 1y

Cumberland Coal!

A LARGE supply of superior BLACKSMITH COAL, now on hand at reduced price. This Coal is superior to all other Coal in the United States for welding and other blacksmith purposes.

For sale by P. H. PYFER, City Coal Yard, Frederick city, Md.

June 19, 1865. 1y*

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, at their old stand, in East Middle street, GETTYSBURG, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Money Saved

IS MONEY MADE.

CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED, AND PRICES REDUCED!

The undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have

A FULL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK, which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices. We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we promise them they shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that we shall merit a continuation of the same; and MORE—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞ Don't forget the place.

DANNER & SHIELDS, Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 26, 1866. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT, HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot, Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.

Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Gettysburg Railroad.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.—On and after Monday, November 20th, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections, as follows:

FIRST TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 7.45 A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10.25 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.30 noon. Also connecting with Mail Train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1.20 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 1.10 P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore and Washington.

SECOND TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1.20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3.15, and connecting with mail train South. Arrive at Baltimore at 5.30 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the fast line north, which leaves Baltimore at 12.10 noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail Train at 9 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1.10 P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the fast line at 12.10 noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, either way, viz: at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction and Parkton. Connections certain. R. McCURDY, Pres't.

Nov. 27, 1865.

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

C. H. BUEHLER, Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts., Gettysburg, Pa.

Feb. 19, 1866.

CEDAR CAMPHOR

FOR use against MOTHS IN CLOTHING.—Best. Its advantages,—Efficiency, Economy; imparts sweet odor to the clothes, and sure to last through twelve months. Every Druggist has it. HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston.

May 7, 1866. 1m

ANOTHER GREAT CURE

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

Of a highly respectable citizen, well known to the Mercantile community, by

DR. J. H. SCHENCK,

THE GREAT LUNG DOCTOR OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office N. Y. and Galena Lead Co., No. 28 Nassau St., N. Y., June 1, '65.

Dr. J. H. Schenck—Dear Sir:—For over fifteen years I have been troubled with a severe cough, and usually two or three times a year with more or less hemorrhage, which together, for the last few years, has kept me thin in flesh and too weak to do business of any kind without suffering. In August last I had a very severe hemorrhage, and, according to the judgment of a good New York physician, I was classed as beyond the reach of medicine, and was advised to be prepared, so far as property matters were concerned, to leave this world at short notice. The physician (and my good friends) said that the first cold I took must prove fatal. Early in January I took a severe cold, and fortunately was occupying rooms at No. 32 BOND STREET, directly over your office. I think about the 16th of January I procured a bottle of your Pulmonic Syrup and commenced taking it freely. My feet and limbs were very much swollen, and all the symptoms of a speedy death seemed to accompany my cold. I sent for my former physician, and stated to him that I was taking your medicines, and after showing them to him, and having tasted of them, &c., he replied: "You can take them if you like, they will do you no harm." He said: "You know what I told you last summer, and I say the same now, if you have any business to close up, do not put it off." He said to other friends that he "could see no hope for me," and my friends and relations concluded my time had come. At this time I was taking freely of your medicine, but had not seen you. The doctor called a few times, and found me (much to his surprise, he said,) improving, and he could not understand why. My faith was increasing in your medicines, and I had a wish to have you examine my case, and see what you had to say. When you first came to my room and made the examination, you gave me but little encouragement, but on the contrary, expressed sad doubts of my ever being helped out of my then seeming difficulties. The second time that you called, finding me still gaining, you gave me encouragement, saying, "my symptoms were improving; the Pulmonic Syrup, Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills had acted like a charm." My circulation, my cough, my appetite, all began to improve, and I could walk about my room a little. You visited me nearly every Tuesday, and found me improving, and told me not to go out of my room until the first day of May. I took no cold while under your treatment, my appetite became first-rate, and you told me to eat everything I wished of a nutritious nature, and to exercise about the room as much as possible. I followed your advice, and to the surprise of my old physician and friends, I seem much better than I have been for several years, and breathe better than I ever expected a person could with one lung, the left being completely dried up. I feel very grateful to you, and consider your advice and medicines invaluable.

Yours, truly, T. S. SHELDON.

Dr. Schenck—Dear Sir:—About two years ago I was taken with a very troublesome cough and a pain in my breast; seven or eight months passed away without my doing anything for myself. Then I applied to a physician, who attended me for about three months without rendering me any service. I also obtained the advice and treatment of a physician in one of our hospitals, and also had the advice and treatment of two other physicians, but all to no purpose. During this long space of time I was nearly dead; several times my friends came to see me and witness my exit into the spirit-world. I was confined to my bed two months at one time. My breathing was exceedingly short. I gave up several times all hope of getting better; and as regarded getting well, that was entirely out of the question.—And to think this day I am well and hearty!—I was advised by some of my friends to try Dr. Schenck's Medicines. I accordingly bought bottle after bottle, until I reached the ninth; then I found a decided change in my cough for the better. I suffered severely from palpitation of the heart, and two weeks after I commenced taking your medicine this difficulty ceased.

When I first went to Dr. Schenck's office it was with difficulty that I could get up into his reception room, I was so weak and so swelled; my skin was as sallow as though I had the jaundice; I felt dull, heavy and sleepless. Dr. Schenck, after examining me, said both my lungs were affected, and gave me but little hope; but his medicines, in about two weeks, took right hold of me; it seemed to go right through my whole system. The Pulmonic Syrup, Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, all took right hold in the right place. The Pills brought away great quantities of bile and slime; the Syrup loosened the matter in my lungs, which came off very free; the Sea-Weed Tonic gave me an appetite, and everything seemed to taste good.

To show what great power the medicines have in purifying my system, and to show how bad I was diseased, beside all the bile that passed my bowels, and the great quantities of phlegm and matter I expectorated, I broke out all over in large boils, that would continue to gather and run for about six weeks, and I had at one time over twenty-five boils. I have nothing of the kind now, and feel like another person altogether. I can safely say that I have not enjoyed such health for five years as I do now, and cannot praise you and your medicines enough. May God abundantly bless and preserve you, is the sincere desire of one who has been so wonderfully relieved through your agency; and if any one desires to know with regard to the truthfulness of this report, if they will call upon any of my friends, or upon me, No. 4 Dryden Place, near Thompson street, below Cadwalader, Philadelphia, they will be perfectly satisfied with the validity of the case. Yours, with much respect,

MARY SCHNAIDT.

The above case, as described, is perfectly correct. I know it to be true. Y